THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed if paid in advance. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance. No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

J. E. ELWELL, J. E. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1880.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIV, NO. 50
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLV, NO. 11

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1 M.	2 M.	6 M.	1 Y
One inch	$2.00	$3.50	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.50	4.00	8.00	12.00
Three inches	4.50	7.00	11.00	15.00
Four inches	5.00	7.50	9.00	12.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	15.00
Half column	10.00	12.00	15.00	25.00
One column	20.00	35.00	50.00	80.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before insertion, except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line. Regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Brickbaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Brickbaum.
Deputy Prothonotary—S. S. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert R. Little.
Treasurer—H. A. Swoppenheiser.
Commissioners—Stephen Pohe, Charles Richart.
Clerk—Sterling.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seely.
Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Poor District—Directors—R. S. Ent, Scott, Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Sr.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—I. S. KUHN.
Clerk—Paul E. Wirt.
Chief of Police—D. Larcock.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier, John Pencock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President, J. Austin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—John Pencock, President, J. B. Haldson, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. Brower, President, P. E. Wirt, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Pastor, J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Pews free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. O. D. S. Barclay.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.
Pews free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Pews free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Minister—Rev. E. H. Yocum.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening, 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. W. E. Krebs.
Residence—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Pastor—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Confess preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser
Minister—Rev. George Hunter,
Sunday Service— p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street at 10 o'clock.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 2½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

AGENTS WANTED $50 to $125 a Month.

HOW TO BE YOUR OWN LAWYER

ENCYCLOPEDIA of Business Men, Farmers, Mechanics and Workingmen. Law and forms for Business and Social Life. Low price. Great success. One agent cleared $59 in one town, another 152 in 25 days, another 75 in 13 days. Saves ten times its cost, and everybody wants it. Send for circulars and terms. Also Bible Agents Wanted. Address

J. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 1,000 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Nov. 21, '79-1y add

W. H. HOUSE, DENTIST,

BLOOMSBURG, COL. CO. PA.

All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. Charges Moderate. Gas without PAIN. Good sets for $10. Office Corner Main and Iron Streets.

To be open at all hours during the day.

Nov. 23-1y

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law. Office, R. J. Clark's Building, 2d story, room 5. Bloomsburg. may 7, '80-1

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Near depot.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1 1879

MISCELLANEOUS

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, '79-tf

W. Y. KESTER, MERCHANT TAILOR, Room No. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg. aprl19,1878.

CATAWISSA.

WM. I. EYERLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Catawissa, Pa.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. RHAWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Catawissa, Pa.

Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

CARPETS! Largest stock in New York city. Lowest Prices, consisting of Moquettes, Wiltons, Axminsters, Velvets, Body and Tapestry Brussels, Three Ply and Ingrain Carpets (with borders to match), Oil-Cloths (all widths), Mattings, &c.

LACE CURTAINS, $1.00 per pair, to the finest REAL LACE imported.

SHEPPARD KNAPP,
189 & 191 Sixth Ave., cor. 13th St., N. Y.
March 26, 6m. Abacco.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 4, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, 79-1y.

LAWYERS.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. oct. 1, 1879.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building.

C. B. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE. ROBT. R. LITTLE.

E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets, Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.
Jan. 10, '8 -tf

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe oct. 1, 1879.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public

KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in Hartman's Block, Corner Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office in Brower's Block, one door below COLUMBIAN Building
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
july 16, '80 tf

D. WILMOT CONNER, M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, special attention given to the DISEASES and DEFECTS of the EYE, EAR PALATE and SCREGAY in all its various branches. ☞ Also carefully adjusts the EYE with PROPER GLASSES.

HOURS { 8—10 a. m. / 3—4:30 p. m. / 7—8 p. m.

54 East Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
July 16, '80-tf

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Having returned and opened a first-class BARBER SHOP in Exchange Block, second floor, over Peter Gross' saloon, respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally.
July 16, '80-tf

B. F. SHARPLESS, D. LEACOCK.

NEW FIRM.

SHARPLESS & LEACOCK,

Cor. Centre and Rail Road Sts., near L. & B. Depot.

Lowest Prices---will not be undersold.

Manufacturers of MINE CAR WHEELS, Coal Breaker and Bridge Castings, Water Pipes, Stoves, Tinware, Plows, IRON FENCE, and all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings.

The original Montrose, Iron beam, right hand, left hand, and side hill Plows, the best in the market, and all kinds of plow repairs.

Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, and Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also the largest stock of repairs for city stoves, wholesale and retail, such as Fire Brick, Grates, Cross Pieces, Lids &c. &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Skillits, Cake-Plates, large Iron Kettles, (30 gallons to 15 barrels) Farm Bells, Sl'd Soles, Wagon Boxes,

"Allentown Bone Manure"

PLASTER, SALT, &c., &c.
Jan 9, '80-1y

THE DAVIS.

$1.000 REWARD.

ONE THOUSAND (1,000) DOLLARS PREMIUM offered to ANY PERSON that will do as GREAT A RANGE OF WORK on ANY OTHER MACHINE, WHAT THE

NEW DAVIS VERTICAL FEED

Will do without basting.

It will make wide hem on sheets, &c., hem all manner of bias woolen goods, as soft merino, crape, or goods difficult to hem on other machines. It makes a more elastic stitch than any other machine. It will turn a hem and put in piping at same time.

It will turn a hem, sew braid on the right side and stitch on trimming at one operation.

It will do felling bias or straight, either on cotton or woolen goods.

It will fell across seams on any goods.

I will bind a Dress or Skirt and sew on facing, either with or without showing stitches; bind Dress Goods with the same material, either scallops, points, squares or straight. The only machine that will bind Hats, Cloaks, or other articles with bias, satin or silk, from ¼ to 2 inches in width, without basting.

It will gather with or without sewing on.

It will gather between two pieces and sew on at the same time.

It will make a ruffle and stitch a pillow slip on to the facing at the same time.

It will shirr any kind of goods.

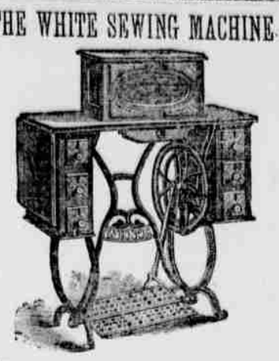
It will make platted trimming either with or without sewing it on.

It will make platted trimming either scalloped or straight and sew a piping on at the same time. It will make knife platting.

J. SALTZER, Gen'l Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

oct. 3, '79-1y.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE



Whereas, the world renowned reputation of the

White Sewing Machine

induces many unscrupulous competitors to resort to all kinds of mean tricks to injure its reputation, we beg to caution all intending purchasers not to buy a

WHITE MACHINE

except from its regular authorized dealers, who will be sustained by the following warranty.

WE WARRANT THE NATURAL WEAR AND TEAR OF THE

White Shuttle Sewing Machine,

PLATE NUMBER 103330 FOR FAMILY PURPOSES, AND HEREBY AGREE TO KEEP THE SAME IN REPAIR FOR THE TERM OF FIVE YEARS FROM THIS DATE, FREE OF CHARGE.

This warranty excepts the breakage of needles bobbins and shuttles.

This warranty will not be sustained unless the Plate number above given corresponds with the number on the shuttle race slide. Beware of defaced or altered numbers.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.

The "WHITE" Shuttle Sewing Machine

Has GREATER CAPACITY than any other family Sewing Machine for doing every variety of work.

J. SALTZER, General Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 3, '79-1y.

PAINTING

AND

Paper Hanging.

WM. F. BODINE,

IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA is prepared to do all kinds of

HOUSE PAINTING

Plain and Ornamental

PAPER HANGING,

BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.

All kinds of Furniture Repaired, and made as good as new.

NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED

Estimates Made on all Work.

WM. F. BODINE.

Oct. 1, 1879.

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. oct 3, '79-1y

A NEW DEPARTURE!

BEST PLOW IN THE WORLD!

THE SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO. of Syracuse, N. Y.

Are now putting on the market a Plow that is as much superior to any Plow heretofore made as the Plows of the past few years have been superior to those made half a century ago.

It combines all the excellencies of any Plow in use.

It obviates all the objections made to any other Plow.

In addition it embraces several new features of the greatest value, for which we have obtained exclusive Patents.

Its Beam, Clevis, Jointer Standard and Wheel Standard will be STEEL, and its mold board will be a composition of Steel and Iron chilled under a process for which we have also obtained an exclusive Patent. It will be called

THE SYRACUSE CHILLED STEEL PLOW

Its weight will be eighteen pounds less than our present styles.

A first-class Steel Plow, made in the ordinary way, full rigged, retails for twenty-two dollars. Inferior Steel Plows retail from sixteen to nineteen dollars.

The price of our new Plow will be but **Seventeen Dollars**, and it will be the cheapest Agricultural Implement ever sold.

Its mold board will outwear three of the very best kinds of the ordinary steel mold boards.

It will scour in soils where all steel plows and all other plows have hitherto proved a failure.

With this Plow will be introduced a corrugated Plow Point and Jointer Point, on which we have also obtained a Patent, and which is also a great improvement, both as regards strength and wear.

The Jointer can be shifted so as to take more or less land, and also more or less pitch, and it can always be kept on a line with the Plow.

The wheel will run under the beam or one side of it as desired, and always kept in line.

The beam is adjustable for Spring or Fall Plowing, and also for two or three horses.

The handle can be adjusted to accommodate a man or boy, on the same Plow.

It is a perfect Plow.

Wooden beams are going out of use because they shrink, swell and warp, and never run two seasons alike.

Iron beams are too heavy.

Malleable beams become demoralized and bend, which is much worse than to break.

A steel beam is the necessity of the day. It is three times as strong and very much lighter than any other style.

When we say a Mold board is chilled, the farmers know it is so.

We do not palm off on them a composition of various metals and call it chilled metal.

We want agents for this new Plow in every town in this State.

We can give but a very small discount to them, but we will pay the Railroad Freight.

We propose to place this Plow in the hands of Farmers as near the cost of manufacture as possible.

It will be the *best* Agricultural Implement ever sold.

It shall also be the *cheapest*.

Persons therefore who are not willing to act as agents on the principle that "a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," need not apply for an agency.

No Plows on commission. All sales absolute.

☞ This is the only Steel Chilled Plow in the World.

Steel costs several times more than Iron.

But this Plow, full rigged, by giving small discounts, can be sold for Seventeen Dollars. Compare this price with that of any Iron Plow ever made.

It is cheaper than any other Plow now made would be at five dollars and a half.

Where there are no agents we will, on receipt of Seventeen Dollars, send a Plow to any Railroad station in the State and pay the freight. Address,

SYRACUSE CHILLED PLOW CO.
Syracuse, N. Y.
Or
June 18, 1sw.

Poetical.

THE EARL'S FORTUNE.

The Earl rode out of the woodland,
On his charger gallant and gray,
He had followed the hounds over meadow and moor
The whole of the livelong day;
And now, in the dusk of the evening,
He had paused by the roadside way.

For he saw by the hawthorn thicket
A dark-eyed maiden stand;
Dismounting, he stood beside her,
And with voice that was low and bland,
"Will you tell me my fortune, oh, gipsy?"
He said, as he held out his hand.

"Your fortune is what you make it."
She saw the gold piece there;
But she touched it not, and her simple words
Like snow flakes fell through the air,
And somehow she tangled the Earl's great heart
In her meshes of raven hair.

So he rode away; but he came again
From his old, ancestral hall,
And he met the maiden by meadow and stream,
By brooklet and broken wall.
His vows were many and fond and true,
But she heeded him not at all.

Until 'neath the radiant starlight,
Which fell like a shower of gold,
He whispered a story so tender
(A passionate story of old)
That the gipsy, listening, answered "Yes."
And so the Earle's fortune was told.

Select Story.

A RARE CASE.

Mattie's story was simple enough. The orphan girl of a former servant in a wealthy family, Mattie had shared the lessons and the play of the younger daughter of the house, until a time came when it was convenient to turn the humble companion adrift to work for herself. It may have been a piece of the ill luck his neighbors ascribed to Drew, that it should have been to his farm the girl came as help to his sister, or it may have been a piece of his good nature that made him agree to take under his roof this pretty lass, untrained for service and educated far above her station.

Drew's widowed sister, Mrs. Bankes, who lived with him, and whose child it was Mattie had come to nurse, amongst other duties too numerous to mention, for there was but one servant kept—Drew's sister exclaimed in despair when the farmer brought home the young, lady-like, delicate-looking girl:

'We want a strong, hard working lass! This one does not know her right hand from her left She is as good as a lady, or as bad, and has never milked a cow in her life! What were you thinking of to bring her here?'

'Ah! that's just my luck; well, we must do the best we can with her. If the steward had never mentioned her now—but then he did mention her, and here she is."

There she was, and there she stayed. Apt to learn, willing to be taught, grateful for the real kindness she met with, Mattie was soon the best hand at milking for miles around, soon devoted to the baby. Three years passed quietly, and then came the romance of Mattie's life.

She was 20 that summer, and Adam Armitage, a grave man, was fully ten years her senior. A great traveler, member of a world-renowned scientific society, a student and discoverer—he was between two scientific expeditions, refreshing heart and brain by a walking tour through the home counties.

Adam's walking tour ended at the farm Drew had taken only a year before and the dwelling house it had found more convenient to inhabit than the smaller building on the old land close to the road. Mr. Armitage found the pure air of the Downs good for him. He made friends with all the family. To Mattie it was delightful to meet once more some one with all the tricks and speech and manner of the more refined society among which her youth had been passed. Little Harry followed this new friend wherever he went; Harry's mother called him a right down pleasant gentleman; the farmer called him a good man.

They all missed him when he went away, Mattie most of all; but the following summer saw him there again, a welcome old friend this time and no stranger.

Drew, a keen observer of all that went on around him, was not so much taken by surprise as his sister was, when one day towards the end of this second visit Adam and Mattie were both mysteriously missing. A strong-armed country lass made her appearance before night. She was the bearer of a note from Mattie, confessing that she and Mr. Armitage were married, and hoping the servant sent might supply her place, so that no one would be inconvenienced. Drew might shake his head and look thoughtful, but Mr. Armitage was his own master, and it was not the first time a gentleman had married a country lass. Besides, the deed was done and past recall. They had gone quietly to one of the churches in the town from whence the sound of bells floated up to the farm, and had been married by special license. Adam had taken a lodging for his bride, and there they passed one brief, bright week of happiness, then one morning walked quietly back together, Mattie blushing and smiling, and looking so lovely and lady-like in a simple dress that she used to wear before she came to the farm that they hardly knew her.

Adam explained that he meant to leave his wife for two days—no more—in the care of her old friends; at the end of that time he would return to fetch her. There were arrangements to make with regard to the scientific expedition about to start immediately. It would sail without him now, but it behooved him to do his best that his place should be filled as might be. There was also his mother to see and prepare for receiving Mattie.

Mattie walked a little way with her husband and the farmer, along the breezy uplands, and then Adam sent her back and hastened his own steps in the direction of the little station at the foot of the Downs. When he came again, he said, laughing, that it would be from B—— station, and that he would drive in a fly through the Stonedene gate along the track, the only approach to a carriage road leading to the farm.

Mattie went away smiling, as he meant she should do, and only paused now and then to look after the two men as long as they remained in sight. It was natural that she should feel a little afraid of this unknown lady, Adam's mother, but that fear was the only shadow on Mattie's path. It was an idyl, a poem, as true a love story as the world has even seen, that had written itself here in this out-of-the-way spot on the lonely Sussex Downs.

On the third day they might look for Adam to return, but that day passed, and many another, until the days were weeks and the weeks months, and he neither came nor wrote. Mattie remembered how, when she had turned to look back for the last time upon that homeward walk, she had seen his figure distinct against the sky for one instant, and in the next lost it entirely as he passed out of sight over the swelling line of hills. Just so she seemed to have lost him in one instant out of her life. And yet she never lost faith and trust in him—never ceased to watch for his coming again.

Drew, after a time, either goaded to the step by his sister's loud-voiced arguments, or prompted to it by his own sense of what was due to Mattie, not only took pains to ascertain that the marriage was real enough, but the further pains of searching for and finding the address of Adam Armitage in London. It was strange how this girl and her former master both trusted Adam in the face of his inexplicable silence; in the face of even a more ominous discovery made of Drew when in town—the discovery that he had never mentioned Matte's name to his mother, or alluded to Mattie at all. As for Adam, Mrs. Armitage declared he was not with her then, and that she could not give an address that would find him, an assertion that confirmed Mattie in the idea that he had started on those far-away travels that he had spoken of to her.

As autumn passed and the evenings grew chilly with the breath of the coming winter, Mattie's health seemed to fail. The deep melancholy that oppressed her threatened to break the spring of life. In order to escape from Mrs. Bankes the girl took to lonely wanderings over the Downs, until, with the instinct of a wounded animal, that seeks to endure its pain alone, or from the ever-present recollection of the last words of Adam, when he had said it was by way of Stonedene that he would return, she besought the farmer to send away the woman in charge of the house and allow her to take her place.

Drew yielded to the wish of the wife, whose heart was breaking with the pain of absence and the mystery of silence, and Mattie on this fogy day had lived months at Stonedene, on the watch always for the coming of Adam.

The fog increased instead of diminishing with the approach of evening. Drew could not see his own house until he was close to it, as he had remarked, the mystery of Mattie's affairs was not more impenetrable than the veil hiding all natural objects just then. When he had put up the horse and gone into tea, Mrs. Bankes, as she bustled about, preparing the meal that Mattie's deft fingers had been wont to set out with so much quietness as well as celerity, did not fail to greet him with the question: 'Well, how is she?'

'She' had come to mean Mattie in the vocabulary of the farmer and his sister.

'About as usual in health,' Drew replied, lifting the now five-year-old Harry to his knee; 'but troubled in mind, though, to be sure, that is as usual, too.'

'She is out of her mind,' exclaimed Mrs. Bankes, irritably.

'Every one but yourself knows that; and if you do not know it, it is only because you are mad as she is—or any one might think so from the way you go on.'

'Nay, nay,' said Drew, gently, as the butter dish was set upon the table with a vehemence that made the teacups rattle. 'There are no signs of madness about Mattie—unless you call her trust in her husband by so hard a name.'

'Husband! a pretty husband, indeed! I've no patience with him, nor with you either. As if it was not a common tale enough! It would be better to persuade the girl to come home and get to work again than to encourage her in her fancies, while you pay another servant here—and the times so hard as they are.'

'I was thinking to-day,' the farmer went on, softly passing his broad palm over the blonde head of the young child upon his knee, 'I was thinking as I came along of how it stands written: 'He that loveth not his brother whom he hath seen, how can he love God whom he hath not seen?''

At that instant the shadowy form of some one going round to the front door passed the window against which the fog pressed closely. Drew sat little Harry on his feet, and rose slowly, listening with intentness and a surprised look that made his sister ask what ailed him.

'Rover!—the dog does not bark; who—by the mercy of Heaven, it is the man himself!' cried Drew, as the door opened with a suddenness that caused Mrs. Bankes to drop the plates upon the brick floor. For Adam Armitage stood upon the threshold. Adam, pale and worn, a shadow of his former self, but himself unmistakably.

Adam looked around the room as though seeking some one, smiled in his old fashion at Harry, gave a half curious, half indifferent glance to Eliza Bankes, and then turned to the farmer.

'Drew,' he said, simply, 'where is my wife?'

"Mrs. Armitage is waiting for you at Stonedene, sir. There was some talk of your coming back that way.'

'Waiting!' Adam threw up his hands with a passionate gesture. 'What can she have thought?'

'She has thought you were gone, after all, upon the voyage, and that your letters miscarried. Sometimes she had thought that you were dead, Mr. Armitage, but never—' Drew broke off and held out his hand. 'We knew you could explain what had happened, sir' he concluded.

Adam drew his own hand across his eyes in the way a man might do who has lately aroused from a bad dream and has some trouble to collect his thoughts.

'That has happened,' he said 'which, if it had not befallen me myself and become a part of my own experience, I would find it difficult to believe possible. A strange thing has happened, and yet'—here the old smile they remembered so well broke slowly like light over his face—'and yet a thing not more strange, as the world goes, that than you—I say nothing of Mattie—but that you should have trusted me throughout. I detected no mistrust in your voice, no doubt in your eyes, not even as they first met mine just now. They call mine a rare case, friend: they might say the same of your belief in me. But—Stonedene, did you say? Walk with me there and here my tale as we go.'

'This evening, and in this mist, and you sir, looking far from well,' began Eliza Bankes. 'Mattie has waited so long already that one night more will make but little difference.

'One night! one hour more than I can help will make all the difference between willful wrong and a misfortune that has fallen on both alike,' said Adam. 'He would not be dissuaded from setting out at once, and in another minute the two men were pursuing their way through the driving mist. Adam talking as they went.

After parting from Mattie he had taken a train to London, where, arriving in due course, he drove in a cab toward his mother's house in Grosvenor street, within a few yards of which his cab overturned and Adam was thrown out, falling heavily upon his head. After a long interval, however, he opened his eyes and recovered his consciouess, and, as he did so—slowly at first, but after a time more fully—the astounding discovery was made that his memory was entirely gone.

However, this state was one from which so said his friends, science could at will recall him, and the operation necessary to restore Adam to himself was deferred only until his health permitted of its being attended by a minimum of risk.

It was while Adam was in the state above described that Drew had seen Mrs. Armitage. A proud woman, she was ill-pleased that he had married a farm servant: for that was the one fact that, stripped of Drew's panegyries upon Mattie's superior education and refined manners, alone stared her in the face.

Hastily resolving that there was no need to embitter her own life by an attempt to recall to her son the ill-fated marriage, she did not hesitate to deceive her unwelcome visitor. Changed for the patient, and before Drew called at the house in Grosvenor street for the second time Adam and his mother had gone. It was in Paris, months after that, that the operation was finally and successfully performed, and the first word of Adam was Mattie's name. The first effort of his newly-recovered powers was to relate to his mother the history of his marriage and to write to his wife.

"God grant the suspense has neither killed nor driven her mad!" he exclaimed.

It was to his mother's hand the letter was confined, and with that exclamation of his ringing in her ears, Mrs. Armitage stood beside the brazier filled with charcoal and burning in the ante-room of their apartments in the Champs Elysees. She was not a bad woman, but the temptation was too strong to allow this affair to unravel itself, and see what would turn up. Why if the girl were dead, why no harm had been done, and this terrible mistake of her son's was rectified at once. If the other alternative were to prove true and Mattie had lost her senses Adam would be equally free from her, or measures could be taken to insure so desirable a result. Mrs. Armitage tore the letter into pieces, and waited by the brazier until the fragments were charred. Adam asked no awkward questions and was not even suprised, at receiving no answer to his epistle, since in it he had announced his coming. The first day his health admitted of it he set out alone for England.

Such was his story. When Drew had told of his efforts to seek Adam and had mentioned that no letter had reached Mattie, Adam was at no loss at once to understand the part his mother had played. But he never spoke of it then or at any future time.

The house door at Stonedene stood ajar, evening had closed in now, and the chilly fog was still abroad, but the figure at the gate was dimly discernible.

Adam hastened his steps.

'For heavens sake, sir, be careful! the suddenness of it might turn her brain,' cried Drew, lying a detaining hand upon the arm of his companion.

Adam gently shook off.

'Suddenness,' he repeated. 'Aye, it is sudden to you—and to Mrs. Banks, but for me and for Mattie, whose thoughts are day and night, night and day, full of each other, how can it be sudden?'

Drew stood still, and Adam went on alone until his footsteps became audible and Mattie turned her head to see him standing by her side.

Adam had been right; no fear was there for Mattie's brain. All excitement all surprise and wonder came afterwards; at that first supreme moment, and with a satisfied sight, as a child who has got all it wants, Mattie held out her arms to him with one word—

'Husband!'

As Adam drew her to him it was not only the mist, or the darkening evening that blinded Drew so that for a moment or two he saw neither of them.

People say Drew's luck has turned from the day Stonedene found a tenant. It is newly done up and prettily furnished now Mr. and Mrs. Armitage come down there once or twice a year with their children for a breath of fresh air and to visit old friends.

Our Soldier-Statesman.

A DISTINGUISHED EX-CONFEDERATE SOLDIER ON HANCOCK.

The following is the conclusion of the eloquent speech delivered by Gen. Roger A. Pryor expressing his confidence and satisfaction at the nomination of General Hancock by the Cincinnati convention.

But the special cry of the Republicans is that Hancock is the nominee of the South, and that the "rebel brigadiers" want to make him President for some end inconsistent with the interests and integrity of the Union. If, indeed, the people of the south cherish any sinister design against the Union surely they have selected the last instrument on earth for the consummation of their purpose, in a man whose life has been an ecstacy of passionate devotion to the Union, and whose inflexible will no power can wrest from the rectitude of its aim But the South harbors no such design; and the nomination of Hancock by the delegates from the South was meant as a pledge of their fidelity to the Union. Hancock was not the preference of the Southern people for President. Their choice—unanimous and enthusiastic was Bayard, of Delaware. How, then, came the southern delegates to proffer Hancock as the candidate of the Democracy? I will tell you, and mark well the significance of the fact: Since the close of the war the Republican party in the North, for purposes of party aggrandizement, have persisted, contrary to fact, contrary to truth in representing the southern people as enemies still of the Union, and as cherishing yet the exploded dogma of secession as a tenet of the states rights creed. In vain have the southern people endeavored to vindicate their patriotism by protestation and acts of loyal devotion to the Union. Hitherto, in every election, it has sufficed for the defeat of the Democracy that the "bloody shirt" was waved by stalwart arms, and fabricated "outrages" propagated by Republican papers. So, at Cincinnati, the southern delegates said:

"You may impute to us hostility to the Union, but we will refute the calumnious accusation by setting as sentinel over the Union the vigilant and unconquerable hero of the Union. You may impute to us the mischievous heresy of state sovereignty involving the right of secession. Now, we will disprove the charge by nominating for the presidency a man educated by the general government, and taught the supremacy of the nation as the first and fundamental rule of political faith, a man who holds his commission from the federal government; who gets his subsistance from the federal government, for whom no career is open but in the service of the federal government, who knows no other object of fealty than the federal flag—a man, in short, whose every interest binds him to the support of the Union by the most intimate and indisputable ties." "You say we are still unreconciled to the north and that in our hearts still burns the secret flame of secessional animosity; then, to repel the reproach, we take to our bosoms the man from whom we sustained the severest blows in our confederate struggle—the man who arrested our retreat at Williamsburg; who checked our pursuit at Fraser's Farm; who hurled our assaulting columns from the heights at Gettysburg; who drenched the soil of the South with the best blood of the South; the man who smote our ill-starred confederacy to the ground."

Thus, in nominating Hancock for the presidency the southern people make a sacrificial offering of every principle and of every prejudice inimical to the Union and proclaim, by an act that none but the fool or knave will gainsay, that they renounce every sectional feeling or ambition, and are for the Union, one and indivisible, now and forever.

Our adversaries are in the right; in this canvass the interests of the Union are imperiled. But by whom? Not by the party which rallies around the hero of the Union; not by the Democracy, whose party is commensurate with the limits of the Union, and who speak the same patriotic accents from Maine to Texas; not by the Democracy whose gospel is "peace on earth, good will to men," and who would still every resentful emotion and hush every sectional murmur; nor by the democracy, who, by the prevalence of a spirit of fraternal confidence and affection throughout the land, would bind the Union together by ties more enduring and indissoluble than the fetters of a military repression—by identity of interests by unity of feeling, by the fellowship of a sacred brotherhood comprehending all classes and all sections within the fold of its endearing embrace.

If, indeed, the Union be in jeopardy, it is endangered by the Republican party—the party who still fans the flame of sectional fury—who, by appeals to angry passions and ungenerous supicions, would exasperate the people of the north against the people of the south—who, by systematic injustice and persecution, would repel the proffered affection of the south, and drive them, in despair, upon some policy as hurtful to you as fatal to themselves. The Democratic party is the party of the Union: and now, as heretofore, Hancock leads the Union column, and now, as heretofore, when Hancock led the Union column it will suffer neither repulse nor defeat.

And so, fellow Democrats, I finish as I began. We are going to win this fight, and we are going to win it because the hour's come and the man. [Applause.]

FOR PRESIDENT.

COL. FORNEY'S REASONS FOR SUPPORTING THE HERO OF GETTYSBURG.

There are many deathless days in the American memory; among them the attack upon the American flag at Charleston harbor on the 12th of August, 1861, the battle of Gettysburg on the 1st 2nd and 3rd days of July, 1863; the fall of Richmond on the 9th day of April 1865, and the assassination of Abraham Lincoln on the 14th day of April, 1865. No days in human history ever aroused a more agonizing solicitude or closed upon more gigantic transactions or

The Columbian.

C. E. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, July 23, 1880.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Gen. W. S. HANCOCK,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Wm. H. ENGLISH,

OF INDIANA.

STATE TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE,

GEORGE A. JENKS, Jefferson county.

AUDITOR GENERAL,

ROBERT P. DECHERT, Philadelphia.

Delegate election will be held on Saturday, August 7th between the hours of three and seven o'clock in the afternoon. Some cards have been printed by mistake announcing the 14th as the day. Democrats will please take notice that the 7th is the correct time.

In the selection of members of the standing committee this year, it is specially urged upon the Democratic voters to select active and energetic men. There will be plenty of work and there must be some one to do it. In former campaigns it has too often been the case that when meetings were appointed no arrangement had been made for them, and the speakers have been obliged to find a hall and hunt up an audience after their arrival. There must be no such negligence this year.

CONGRESSIONAL CONFEREES.

The convention of conferees for the eleventh congressional district, in 1878 ended in a split, and resulted in the nomination of two candidates for congress, one of whom was elected by a very small majority over the republican candidate. In a district that can give a majority of several thousand in our favor, there ought not to be a repetition of what occurred in 1878, and in order to prevent this there are several matters that should be looked after. One of these is, what representation should be allowed each county in the conference? The split in 1878 was caused by the refusal of Columbia, Carbon and Monroe counties to admit delegations of three members each from Luzerne and Lackawanna. Montour and Pike joined with Luzerne and Lackawanna and formed a conference of their own, and subsequently one delegate from Columbia went into that conference. Taking the past as a guide, the party should adopt such measures this year as will prevent the occurrences of 1878.

Are Luzerne and Lackawanna each entitled to three conferees? Previous to the division of Luzerne that county was satisfied with a representation equal to the other counties in the district. When Lackawanna was formed the Democratic vote was not increased, but the portions of the two counties came knocking at the door of the conference asking to be admitted with a delegation double that of any other county having as many democratic votes as both the Luzerne and Lackawanna portions of the district. This is no bold assertion. It is based on figures and here they are. In 1878 the vote for congress stood as follows:

	Albright.	Klotz.	Brockway.	Orvis.
Columbia	1523	1083	1930	1277
Montour	784	940	433	478
Carbon	2319	2051	131	898
Monroe	655	2230	237	445
Pike	463	596	556	89
Luzerne	1924	1293	618	1297
Lackawanna	448	18	434	739
	8116	8211	4339	5193

Counting the vote for Orvis as mostly taken from the Democracy, we have

In Columbia	county	4290	Democrats
" Montour	"	1851	"
" Carbon	"	3080	"
" Monroe	"	2912	"
" Pike	"	1241	"
" Luzerne & Lackawn'a		4369	"

Now, while that portion of the district originally located in Luzerne has been divided by the erection of a new county, there is no reason why its representation should be doubled. The two parts together form only one section of the district and should be so represented. This was the view taken by the congressional delegation to the State convention, which adopted the following:

Resolved, That we commend the adoption of the following rule as the guide for the present and future conferences of this nature, to-wit: That the territory of Luzerne county lying within the 11th district shall be allowed one representative from the 4th (Legislative) district, and the territory of Lackawanna lying within it shall be allowed one. The said representatives to be chosen by the delegations of the counties respectively, without regard to residence in the district.

This gave the two sections three representatives in the State convention. Why should they have more in the congressional conference?

Hancock's record proves him to be a patriot statesman, while Garfield's proves him to be only a bitter partisan.

General Hancock ought not to be elected, because he is nothing but a soldier, so say the republican organs, and yet these same organs and their party elected Grant twice, and attempted to nominate him for a third time, because he was a soldier. It is a poor rule that works only one way.

The reunion of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps at Harrisburg last week, was largely attended. There was a banquet and speeches and a general good time. Ex-Gov. Curtin and General Robert Patterson were among the prominent personages present.

General Arthur, the republican candidate for Vice-President, has written a letter accepting the nomination. He does not think much of Hayes civil service reform which turned him out of office because he was unfit for the position.

In looking over the file of this paper of 1878 we notice that Mr. J. M. C. Ranck was named at the Scranton Congressional conference as a candidate for Congress *from Lackawanna county*. Now he is a candidate from Columbia. Where does Mr. Ranck live any way?

Mr. Garfield voted in Congress to repeal the duty on foreign coal; For which the coal miners will be duly thankful, and for which they will give their vote to General Hancock. A British Free Trade Cobden Clubist is not likely to be a pet among the coal miners. Most of them have had enough of English government.

The acting President of the United States is a Ohio man. About two thirds of the people of Ohio hold office under him, and now it is proposed by the republicans to elect another Ohio man President. Isn't there another state in the Union competent to furnish a fit occupant for the White House? Pennsylvania is, and the man she proposes to make President is named Hancock.

Dr. Tanner, a Minnesota physician, has assumed the voluntary task of fasting forty days in New York. He is now on his fourth week without tasting food of any kind, though he drinks water freely. His strength remains, but he has lost eighteen or twenty pounds in weight. A committee of doctors are watching him day and night and it is pretty certain there is no sham about it. Just what he expects to prove by this experiment does not seem quite clear.

One of Mr. Hayes' Secretarys, Thompson by name, went out to Indiana and made a speech for Garfield in which he "Warned the Democrats that the *army and navy would take a hand in this election and that Hayes will be equal to any emergency.*" Thus the fraudulent protector of thieves, forgers and purjurers threatens the Democrats with the army to carry the elections.

Democrats! Your fathers were known as the "unterrified democracy" who seated Gov. Parker in spite of the army and Stephen's Wiconisco bullies. Hancock will be elected and seated.

Democrats, don't forget that James A. Garfield was a member of the Electoral Commission and voted with the eight, ch ating Mr. Tilden out of the office of President to which he had been legally elected. Of that fact no honest man now has a doubt. And don't forget also that before he sat he took and subscribed the following oath:

"I, JAMES A. GARFIELD DO SOLEMNLY SWEAR THAT I WILL IMPARTIALLY EXAMINE AND CONSIDER ALL QUESTIONS SUBMITTED TO THE COMMISSION OF WHICH I AM A MEMBER, AND A TRUE JUDGMENT GIVE THEREON, AGREEABLY TO THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS; SO HELP ME GOD."

And all the world now knows how that oath was falsified. How he voted to sustain what Judge Black calls "a shameless swindle; not merely a fraud, but a fraud detected and exposed."

Hon. E. Joy Morris of Philadelphia, a life long Republican, an Ex-Congressmen and U. S. Minister to Turkey agrees with our friend Forney about General Hancock, and in a late interview says:

"Of General Hancock's patriotism and loyalty to the Union there can be as little question of his civic abilities and his official and private integrity. His honor is as unassailable as his valor. If he should be elected President I have no doubt he would endeavor to promote the interests of the country, to revive good feeling between the North and South, and in every contingency to uphold the dignity and rights of the republic. His statesman record would be as honorable as his military career. I am a Republican but this is no reason why I should refuse to recognize the illustrious service and the well-earned fame of a man like General Hancock.

What Justice Swayne said about the DeGolyer Matter.

Washington, July 18.—A decision rendered in 1875 by Justice Swayne, of the United States Supreme court, has been called into prominence by the fact that it settles the question of General Garfield's position in the DeGolyer matter beyond a doubt, and exposes the weakness and absurdity of the arguments employed by his adherents in the vain hope of purifying his record upon the $5,000 fee matter. The case in which this opinion of Justice Swayne was rendered was that of Chittenden against McClellan and others. It was tried in Cook county, Ill., in May, 1875, and was decided on appeal in October, 1879, in the United States Supreme Court. It may be said that Justice Swayne is a thorough republican and an Ohio man. The Supreme court opinion was delivered in the case of Burke against Child the case of Chittenden against M'Clellan being submitted on the arguments and briefs filed in the former suit. Justice Swayne says:

"*The agreement with General Garfield, a member of Congress, to pay him $5,000 as a contingent fee for procuring a contract which was itself made to depend upon a future appropriation by Congress—which appropriation could only come from a committee of which he was chairman—was a sale of official influence which no veil can cover, against the plainest principles of public policy. No counselor-at law while holding office has a right to put himself in the way of temptation, and under a pretense of making a legal argument exert his official influence upon public officers dependent upon his future action. Certainly the courts of justice will never lend themselves to enforce contracts obtained by such influence..*

The effect of this disclosure on the men here who have endeavored in one form or another to palliate General Garfield's offense cannot be over estimated. It is a shock so severe that they are as yet unable to meet it.

Right Rev. Bishop O'Hara, of the Scranton diocese, and Father Coffee, of St. Vincent's Cathedral, will leave for Rome on the 6th of next month.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C. July 20th, 1880.

Some one has kindly sent to our correspondent, a Maine newspaper containing an account of certain "bulldozing" operations of a Democratic mob in Hyattsville, Maryland, a village five miles from this city. If it were not that "bulldozing" stories will form a great feature of the radical campaign this fall, I would not mention this one. The truth is that the story of violence is made out of whole cloth, and that Hyattsville and all its people were as calm as the day itself when the "bulldozing" is reported to have taken place. Your correspondent speaks from personal knowledge, his residence being there and he being present all of the day named in the Maine paper. It will be well to take all such stories with great allowance, especially if told during a political campaign; all may not be wholly false like this one, but I doubt not, more are pure inventions than have any foundation, and that all real scenes of violence are magnified for political effect.

Some days since, stories were afloat here that there was a growing coolness between Mr. Hayes and his Secretary of the Treasury. They will be revived now probably, as Mr. Hayes yesterday sent a peremptory order for the issue of a commission to the new Savannah collector, against an equally peremptory order from Secretary Sherman before going away on his pleasure trip, that it should not be issued until his return.

General Arthur gets more credit on all sides for frankness than General Garfield did, in the matter of their letters of acceptance.

The greatest merit of Arthur's letter is the manner in which the sham reform system of the administration is alluded to. Arthur, whether guilty as indicted by Hayes and Sherman, has felt the halter draw, and does not hesitate to express his opinion freely. His own ideas on the subject are sound. We shall probably never know from experience whether or not, those of Hayes and Schurz, would work well, for those Southern men have never put them in practice, and their successors will no doubt know better than to attempt it.

Only one member of the Cabinet is here; two are speaking for Garfield in the west, and the others are on summer excursions to various points. Mr. Hayes will go to Ohio, early in August, and thence to the Pacific coast. It is said since he occupied the White House, Mr. Hayes has contributed liberally—of Mr. Tilden's money, of course—to the Republican campaign fund in his own State.

He is the only office-holder in the Union who has not been asked to contribute two per cent of their salary to the cause.

William E. Chandler who bossed the collections one year was of too tender a conscience to ask Mr. Hayes to give away what did not belong to him, and the example of Chandler has been followed.

The National Board of Health yesterday received despatches to the effect that no case of yellow fever had occurred this season at Memphis. Strong hopes are felt that the South-west will escape the plague this season.

HILTON.

Garfield's Record.

HE IS QUIVOCAL IF NOT HOSTILE—J. W. KILLINGER'S REASONS FOR VOTING AGAINST GARFIELD—HE NEVER STANDS SQUARELY FOR PROTECTION—CANNOT BE ACCEPTABLE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

When the Republican congressional caucus in October, 1877, at the organization of the called session, nominated James A. Garfield for speaker a number of Pennsylvania members of that faith refused to vote for him. Among the number were Judge Kelly, of Philadelphia; Russell Errett, of Pittsburg; Thomas M. Bayne, of Allegheny and John W. Killinger, of Lebanon. We produce his letter now for the information of those who did not get to see it at the time, and that all may understand Mr. Garfield's position on the important question of protection to American industry. The following is the letter:

To the Editor of the Philadelphia Times:

In reply to the inquiry, I will say that in the vote for speaker, we chose the lesser of the two evils. We could not elect the speaker, and the only significance our action had was its indication or expression of confidence in the nominee on the great and vital question of protection to our industries and employment for our laborers. In my judgment all questions are subordinate to this. When, therefore, the caucus determined to compliment Mr. Garfield in this way I had to choose between sanctioning by my vote such an action or to express my dissent by withholding it. Mr. Garfield's record one this question is well known to the country, and some of it has come under my own observation. I could not, therefore, pass it by as insignificant or unimportant. Without meaning any disrespect to him I am compelled to say that his status has been equivocal, if not actually hostile to the, opinions we hold in Pennsylvania. I have never found him to stand squarely for protection. He would not be accepted by the Republicans of my district as an exponent of their views, and I could not compliment him with their vote for the speakership without manifest inconsistency and doing violence to all my convictions of duty and principle No friend of American system of revenue and finance has ever been complimented with honorary membership in the British free trade leagues. The object of these leagues are well known to be strengthening of British influence in foreign countries. They aim to secure markets here for British manufactures, and to that end are hostile to our home industries. In common with William C. Bryant, Samuel S. Cox and D. A. Wells, notorious free traders, Mr. Garfield stands in connection with such a league. So long as he retains such connection and does not disavow its pernicious heresies, I do not see how to acquit him of holding the opinions of his British co-laborers. It needed some resolutions to express our dissent from the conclusions reached by the caucus. The republican organization should be maintained by the party's representatives, especially at this juncture, when we are threatened with disintegration in high quarters. But unless we can at the same time maintain the principles which gave value and vitality to the organization, party ties will weaken and our early dissolution is certain. So I chose the lesser of the two evils in withholding the vote of the 14th district from a nominee who fails to be in accord with its people on the greatest question before the country.

J. W. KILLINGER.

WASHINGTON, October 17, 1877.

Hon. W. H. Barnum of Connecticut, has been reelected chairman of the Democratic National Committee, and F. O. Prince, of Massachusetts, secretary. The chairman of both parties are Connecticut men, ex-Governor Jewell being at the head of the Republican Committee.

SCHURZ'S SPEECH.

Secretary Carl Schurz made a speech at Indianapolis on the 20th. He is terribly exercised lest the democrats may be successful and turn out all the republican office holders. He says:

"Now let us see what the Democratic reform in the civil service really means and what its effect would be. Look at the present condition of the service. I have already said that the reform of it has not gone so far as intended and was desirable, but I may say also that more has been accomplished than is generally known and believed. Mr. Schurz went on to speak of the fidelity with which the public business has been conducted; how efficient clerks have been left in their places and how the system of examination may not in all cases furnish an absolutely reliable test, but it has proved to be infinitely better than mere recommendation from political favor. Now substitute for this the Democratic reform, making a clean sweep according to the old spoils system, and what will you have? Hundreds of thousands of politicians, great and small, but all hungry, rushing for seventy or eighty thousand places, backed and pressed by every Democratic Congressman and every Democratic committee in the land. This impetuous rush must be satisfied as rapidly as possible, for they want to make the best of their time, and in this case, as well as others time is money. They must be taken at random, for it is impossible to fill so large a number of places in so short a time as the furious demand will permit in any other way. Need I tell any sensible man what the effect upon the conduct of public business will be? It will be the disorganization of the whole administrative machinery at one fell blow.

The conclusion of this is that the republican party should be kept in power because it is in power. Following his reasoning a little further the result is that there never ought to be a change of administration lest it might disarrange the civil service, and this doctrine leads to a monarchy where the voice of the people is hushed.

If Mr. Schurz is right then Garfield ought not to make any changes in the Cabinet in the case of his election as it might result in "the disorganization of the whole administrative machinery at one fell blow."

The Secretary lets the cat out of the bag by frankly admitting that all his party is afraid of is the loss of their grip on the offices. Their fears will be fully realized.

The mermaid which served to help Barnum on to fame and fortune as a showman, about forty years ago, caused a great deal of excitement at the time. Barnum now tells the story, according to a correspondent of the Indianapolis Journal, as follows: "Moses Kimball came from Boston with what he declared was a genuine mermaid. The lower part was the tail of a shark or some large fish, but the upper part was not of woman's form by any manner of means. It was a hideous head and shoulders—apparently of some sort of ape. Pretty soon a letter was was written from Mobile to the Herald with the announcement that a man had landed there from the Sandwhich Islands, bringing a genuine mermaid. It had not been seen and would not be exhibited, for it was on its way to the London Zoological Gardens. This was copied all over the country. In another week a letter announced that the wonder had arrived at Charleston, on its way to New York, whence it would sail to London. A more detailed account of the wonderful creature was given. This served to swell the curiosity. From Baltimore came still other letters; and then I sent my man to Philadelphia, carrying the mermaid in a closed box. He put up at the best hotel, and cultivated the landlord. To him, just as he was paying his bill and leaving, he confined the secret that he was the Englishman who caught the mermaid. 'Now, see here,' said the landlord, 'you must let me see it.' After much pursuasion the mermaid hunter yielded then he said. 'See here you must let me show it to one or two reporters.' After much importunity the weak Britisher yielded, and a limited exhibition was permitted. The Philadelphia papers blazed with it next morning. The next day it was brought to New York, the same performance was gone through with at the Astor House. The papers were full of it, and the city was all agog. Thousands flocked to see it, but no exhibition was allowed, except to reporters. It was not known in connection with it until the proper time.

A correspondent asks us why we have not taken the trouble to expose the "pitiful hypocrisy and sneaking self-exultification" of Mr. Garfield's letter of acceptance, where he treats of the tariff, the finances, Chinese immigration and civil service reform.

There are at least three good reasons why we haven't taken the trouble.

In the first place they expose themselves.

Secondly, our esteemed contemporaries, the *Times*, the *Evening Post*, the *Graphic*, the *Springfield Republican*, the *Nation*, and other influential republican newspapers, are exposing Mr. Garfield's weakness and inconsistency with a vigor and thoroughness that would save us the trouble, even if we thought the work necessary.

In the third place, it is of little consequence what Mr. Garfield may or may not think at present about these subjects. The greater question which the people will have to consider is not whether they shall vote for a man who trims on civil service reform and tergiversates on the Chinese, but whether they shall vote for a man who has been convicted of bribe taking and perjury, and denounced as a bribe taker and perjurer by the almost unanimous voice of his party.—*N. Y. Sun.*

General Neal Dow.

HE ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION AND GIVES HIS VIEWS REGARDING PROHIBITION.

PORTLAND, Me., July 20.—General Neal Dow has written a letter accepting the nomination for the Presidency by the National Prohibition party. After commenting at some length on the liquor tariff and the respectability of the prohibitory movement he concludes as follows: "I consider the objects of the Prohibitionists of the country to be of supreme importance to the interests of the nation and the people. Aside from its bearing upon the moral and religious welfare of the people, I consider the suppression of the traffic to be an object of far greater political importance than any other now claiming the attention of the country. My life has been largely devoted to the accomplishment of that purpose. Perhaps I may live to see my dearest hopes in relation to it realized, at least in this, my own state. But, however that may be, in the future as in the past I shall keep that object in view. While I sincerely wish that the choice of a candidate of the Cleveland convention had fallen upon some other than myself, I accept the nomination willingly, being sure that it will prove to be the humble beginning of a triumphant end."

J. C. Turner, the Greenback singer, is a staunch Hancock man. He says he has been a greenbacker as a matter of principle, and is heartily sick of republican victories. He said if I vote for Weaver it will be aiding the enemies of my country to reinstate another administration of fraud to still beggar my fellow laborers in the cause of reform. I am a Hancock man because I have faith in his ability as a statesman and with the reins of government in his hands he will conduct the affairs of the nation with credit.

The head quarters of the Democratic State Committee have been established at the Girard House Philadelphia, for the present.

That Sherman Letter.

When the republican papers gave with great circumstantiality an account of a letter said to have been written to General Sherman by General Hancock in the spring of 1877, we hoped the letter would be made public as the contents as foreshadowed would have clearly increased his strength before the people. Now however, it is ascertained that the story is like all others against him, a pure fabrication. The New York *World*, publishes the following special from Jamestown, Dakota:

JAMESTOWN, Dak., July 15.—General Sherman, who has just arrived here from Fort Totten, where he has been for some days beyond the reach of the telegraph, is in excellent health. He declines to be interviewed in regard to his correspondence at any time with General Hancock, but states emphatically that he has no recollection of ever hearing anything from General Hancock about taking orders from Mr. Tilden, or indeed, anything at all like the stories which have been printed and published about this correspondence with General Hancock. This was not needed by any one who knows General Hancock or General Sherman; but it may be of use to the gossips and romancers of the press.

How Tom Ochiltree Did His Duty.

Tom Ochiltree, of Texas, has pronounced for Hancock. "Cameron gave me a certain section of the South to look out for," Tom explains, "and every——delgate in that region I brought up to Chicago for Grant. They were all for him when they got there and they remained true to him with the exception of one nigger from Alabama. He was bought up the third day after his arrival for $1,000. As soon as I heard of the transaction I went for that nigger and managed finally to get him back into the ranks, money and all. He stayed there until the call of that——thirty-sixth ballot commenced. Alabama was the first on the list and the nigger rose up and voted for Garfield. I wanted Grant, but Hancock is a good second choice and I am going to take the stump for him. I shall travel all over the country, and everywhere I speak I propose to tell how the 'spontaneous' Garfield managers bought out my Grant nigger for $1,000." The republican party will have to look out for Tom.

We hereby inform the republican party that Chester A. Arthur late collector of customs, has been nominated as their candidate for Vice-President, and has the following testimonial of character.

"You have made the custom house a centre of partisan political management."—*R. B. Hayes to Collector Arthur, January* 31, 1879.

"With a deep sense of my obligations under the constitution, I regard it as my plain duty to suspend you, in order that the office may be honestly administered."—*R, B Hayes to Collector Arthur, January* 3, 1879.

"Gross abuses of administration have continued and increased during your incumbency."—*John Sherman to Collector Arthur January*, 31 1879.

"Persons have been regularly paid by you who have rendered little or no service, that the expenses of your office have increased while its receipts have diminished, that Bribes, or gratuities in the shape of bribes have been received by your subordinates in several branches of the custom house and you have in no case supported the effort to correct these abuses."—*Secretary Sherman to Collector Arthur January*, 31 1879.

MARKET REPORTS

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.00
Rye "	.60
Corn, "	.50
Oats, "	.46
Flour per barrel	6.50
Cloverseed	4.50
Butter	.18
Eggs	.17
Tallow	.08
Potatoes	.25
Dried Apples	.06
Hams	12½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Chickens	.07
Turkeys	.09
Lard per pound	.08
Hay per ton	18.00
Beeswax	.25

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.25 "
No. 6 " "	$ 3.75 "
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 3.50 "
" Bituminous "	$ 4.50 "

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

PHILA., July 21.—There is less doing in breadstuffs and wheat is lower. Seeds—Clover is in better demand at 7¼@8c. for cood and choice. Flour and Meal—Flour is less active but unchanged. Old wheat families are higher. Sales of 1,000 bls., including Minnesota extras, at $4.25@5.75; the latter for straight; Pennsylvania at $5@5.87½; western, do. do. at $5.25@6, and patents at $6.50 @7.75. Rye flour sells at $5.25. Grain—Wheat is dull and ½c. lower. Sales of 13,000 bushels including rejected at $1.06@1.08; steamer at $1.09 and choice red and amber at $1.11½. Rye is inactive. We quote old Pennsylvania at 80c. and new at 76c. Corn is in fair demand and steady. Sales of 9,000 bushels, including yellow at 51c; mixed at 49½@50c; steamer at 48 c. and rejected at 48@49c. Oats are in modest request and steady. Sales of 19,000 bushels, including rejected and mixed at 35@36c, and white at 38@44c.

CANDIDATES.

[The following persons have been proposed for nomination by the next Democratic county convention to be held August 10th, 1880. Candidates announced in this list are pledged to abide by the decision of the convention.]

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

A. L. FRITZ,
of Bloomsburg.

DAVID S. BROWN,
of Main.

JOHN F. DERR,
Of Jackson.

ISAAC A. DEWITT,
of Greenwood.

JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,
of Catawissa.

T. JEFF. VANDERSLICE,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR STATE SENATOR,

E. J. McHENRY,
of Fishingcreek.

W. J. BUCKALEW,
of Bloomsburg.

[Subject to the decision of the Senatorial Conference.]

FOR CONGRESS,

DR. O. A. MEGARGELL,
of Orange.

CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
of Bloomsburg.

J. M. C. RANCK,
of Lightstreet.

[Subject to the decision of the Congressional Conference of the eleventh district.]

WYOMING SEMINARY AND COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

THE WYOMING SEMINARY IS A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

It offers to students the following Courses of Study: Common English, Normal Course, Literature and Science, Classical Course, College Preparatory Course, Course in Music, and Course in Art. Students not desiring to take any one of the Courses of Study may take any studies which they are prepared to enter. Prices within the reach of all.

The Commercial College gives instruction in penmanship, Commercial Law, Political Economy, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Correspondence, Telegraphy, and Book-keeping as applied to business of all kinds. Five telegraph offices, two banks, &c.

Fall term opens September 1st. Commercial students address REV. L. L. SPRAGUE, A. M., and all others REV. D. COPELAND, D. D., Kingston, Luzerne county, Pa.

July 16-6w

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

All above sold by druggists.

Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

SCRANTON, Pa., May 20th, 1880.

DR. A. E. BURR:—

I took your Neuralgia and Sick Headache Pills for Chronic Headache with Dyspepsia, and they acted like a charm. I would not be without them for any amount of money.

MRS WILLIAM BROCK,
Scranton, Pa.

IF YOU HAVE HEADACHE,
IF YOU HAVE NEURALGIA,
IF YOU HAVE DYSPEPSIA,
IF YOU HAVE CONSTIPATION,
IF YOU HAVE INDIGESTION,
IF YOU HAVE NERVOUS CHILLS,
IF YOU HAVE AGUE CHILLS,
IF YOU HAVE PALPITATION OF THE HEART
IF YOU HAVE PARALYSIS,
IF YOU HAVE TOOTHACHE,
IF YOU ARE NERVOUS,

TAKE DR. A. E. BURR'S

Neuralgia & Sick Headache Pills.

They will cure you. There is nothing in this world like them. Easy to take, they dissolve in the mouth. The Physicians generally recommend them.

For Sale by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg druggist.

June 18, '80-1f

NEW FIRM!

The well known C. B. WHITE, Proprietor of the ORANGEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS, has sold a half interest in the same to J. W. Conner. The company have repaired the works, and are prepared to accommodate all who want anything in the line of Aricultural Implements. They have just completed a new left hand White plow, which if possible, will beat the right hand. Also surface plows or jointers for the same. A new Thresher and Cleaner with centre shake of riddle shoe, called the

White Thresher and Cleaner,

with both lever and railway powers on a greatly improved plan. We manufacture LAND ROLLERS with cast iron heads, Corn Plows, double and single Cultivators side hill Plows, Mill Castings. Turning of every description done with promptness. We keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Plow shares for our own and many other plows that are used in the country. We will not be undersold in work or material of the same quality. All our work is warranted to give satisfaction, or the money refunded. WE DEFY COMPETITION. Farmers, and the public in general are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

WHITE & CONNER,
Jan. 16, '80-1y ORANGEVILLE, PA.

Rowell & Co's. Adv't's.

Are sold by all Hardware and Harness Dealers. There is no one owning a horse or mule but what will find in this line of goods, something of great value, and especially adapted to their wants. COVERT M'F'G CO., West Troy, N. Y., Sole Manufacturers.

July 16, '80-4w r

MOSQUITO CATCHER PAT. JUNE 29, 1878. Will clear your room in a few minutes without smoke, soil or grease. Price 50 cents. Send postal for Illustrated Circular. Agents Wanted. Good terms. L. T. JONES 166 Light st., Baltimore, Md.

July 16, '80-4w

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. r July 16 4w

ADVERTIERS, send for our elect list of local newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce st. N. Y. r July 16, '80-4w

BEST business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can devote your whole time to the work or only your spare moments. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one willing to work can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. A great opportunity for making money easy and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine, July 16, '80-tf

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of authority contained in the last will and testament of Henry Kingsbury, late of Benton township, Columbia county, deceased, the undersigned will expose to public sale on the premises in Benton on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 7th 1880,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all that certain lot or piece of land, situate, lying and being in Benton village, in the township of Benton, and county of Columbia aforesaid, being lot number six (No. 6) on the plan of that part of the village which was laid out by Parvin Masters, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post by the Fishingcreek road, thence by land of Alexander Coley, (lot No. 5) north sixty-two and a half degrees west thirteen perches and one-third to a post, thence by an alley north twenty-seven and a half degrees east three perches to a post, thence by land of Samuel Rhone, Esq. (lot No. 7) south sixty-two and a half degrees east thirteen perches and one-third to a post by the road up Fishingcreek, thence by said road south 27 and a half degrees west three perches to the place of beginning, containing forty square perches, ONE-FOURTH OF AN ACRE OF LAND. Whereon is erected a dwelling house and out-buildings.

Terms made known on day of sale.

GEORGE A. BOTT,
Administrator de bonis non,
July 9, 1880-4w Town Hill, Pa.

ONLY $20

For this style Singer

We will send it to your Depot to be examined before you pay for it. If it is not as represented it can be returned at our expense. Send a postal card for illustrated circular. C. A. WOOD & CO., 17 N. Tenth st., Phila., Pa.

July 9, '80-3m w&co

FREE outfit to agents of a doz. fast selling articles, sent to every person answering this adv., and enclosing 4 3-ct. stamps to pay postage and packing. This is honest. We refer the public to postmaster, or any business man in this place. AMERICAN MANF'G CO.,

July 9, '80-3m w&co Franklin City, Mass.

WANTED—WIDE AWAKE AGENTS, in all parts of the State to Sell Russell's new & elegant MAP OF PENNSYLVANIA. Every citizen should have it. Nothing has succeeded like it since war times. Useful, ornamental and cheap. A golden opportunity for energetic canvassers. Sample for 60 cents. Address,

QUAKER CITY PUBLISHING HOUSE,
July 2, '80-1m w&co 723 Sansom st., Philada.

PENSIONS! Every soldier disabled in the line of duty, by wound, disease or injury, is entitled to pension. Pensions date back to time of discharge or death of soldier. Claims of all description prosecuted. Copies of lost discharges obtained. Claims filed by attorneys who have since died, or from other causes have ceased to practice, finished without delay. Address with stamp, H. S. BERLIN & CO., Attorneys,

July 9, '80-3m w&c P. O. Box 995 Washington, D. C.

The Old Established Drug Store.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

Corner Main and Market Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The undersigned having been in the WHOLESALE DRUG business for the past eleven years would call the attention of the public generally, and COUNTRY DEALERS in particular, to their large and varied stock.

It consists of

Paint, Oils, Glass, Putty, Patent Medicines, Spices, &c.

The Retail Department

BROWER'S BLOCK.

Cannot be surpassed anywhere.

IN IT MAY BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

SPONGES,

CHAMOIS, COLOGNES,

PERFUMERY, CIGARS,

FANCY ARTICLES, TOILET SOAPS,

TOOTH BRUSHES,

HAIR BRUSHES, LAMPS, GLOBES

and in fact every thing that should be kept in a complete and well regulated Drug Store.

They are the sole Manufactures of the Celebrated

OIL OF GLADNESS.

ALSO THE MANUAFCTURERS AND SOLE PROPRIETORS OF

DR. W. M. BICKLEY'S CELEBRATED AND INVALUABLE PREPARATIONS.

C. MPOUND AROMATIC WINE OF GENTIAN AND IRON, IMPROVED CREAM CAMPHOR, WORM KILLING AGENT, ROSE PECTORAL.

The Best Remedies Made.

Highly Recommended by Physicians.

MOYER BROTHERS,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 17 '79.-1y

CAMPAIGN BADGES, FLAGS, &C.,

Beautiful Campaign Badges of the Republican and Democratic candidates

GARFIELD and ARTHUR OR HANCOCK and ENGLISH

Containing life-like Photographs of the Candidates; encased in Miniature Gilt Frames, with pin for attaching to coat or vest. Active agents can make $10 a day selling them, and city and country merchants can make a handsome profit. Price 10 cents each; 2 for 15 cents; 10 for 50 cents or 100 for $3.50. Photographs same price as badges. 4 rayon portraits on tinted plate paper. Heroic size 22 by 28, for 25 cents. Flags all sizes and kinds and prices. Now is the harvest time for agents and dealers. Send for samples and particulars to

U. S. MANUFACTURING CO.,
116 Smithfield street, Pittsburg, Pa.
July 9, '80-3m w&co

PENSIONS

procured for all soldiers disabled

in the U. S. service from any cause, also for heirs of deceased soldiers. The slightest disability entitles to pension. Pensions increased. The laws being more liberal now, thousands are entitled to higher rates. Bounty and new discharges procured. Those who are in doubt as to whether entitled to anything should send two 3 cent stamps for one "Circular of Information."

Address, with stamp, Stoddart & Co., Solicitors of Claims and Patents, Room 8, St. Cloud Building, Washington, D. C.

July 9, '80-3m w&co STODDART & CO.

CONSUMPTION CURED BY CRUDE PETROLEUM PILLS.

Gained 29 lbs. weight in 2 months

POWHATTAN, C. H., Va., April, 1888.

DR. M. MILTON:

Dear Sir—After having been sick twelve months and tried the best physicians of the country without doing me the least good, I tried your CRUDE PETROLEUM PILLS. When I commenced taking them I coughed almost incessantly, had hemorrhage, night sweats, etc. I weighed 114 lbs. After taking the pills two months the cough and night sweats ceased and had no hemorrhage and weighed 143 pounds.

Yours, respectfully,
FRED. C. DUNN,

Thousands of cases like the above.

The pills are also a positive cure for chronic bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, and all Throat and Lung Troubles.

Trial boxes 25 cents. Large boxes (130 pills) $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price, with directions. Address

DR. M. MILTON,
July 9, '80-3m w&co Irving, N. Y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF OLIVER WATTS, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Oliver Watts, late of the township of Centre, Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

EDWARD WAGNER,
July 16, '80-6w* Administrator.

WATER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors, a general meeting of the stockholders of the Bloom

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1880

PUBLIC SALES.

George A. Doty, administrator of Henry Kingsbury, deceased, will offer real estate for sale in Benton on Saturday August 7th at 10 a. m.

Rules of the Democratic party of Columbia county, collated and printed at the COLUMBIAN office in pamphlet form, now ready. Every Democratic voter should have a copy. Sent post-paid to any address on receipt of ten cents, money or postage stamps. Address THE COLUMBIAN Bloomsburg Pa.

July 16-4-w

Delegate election tickets will be printed at this office next week. All candidates desiring their names inserted will inform us by the 28th inst.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of the several districts of Columbia county will meet at the usual places of holding the general election on Saturday, August 7th, 1880, between the hours of three and seven o'clock in the afternoon, and elect delegates by ballot to represent the districts in the county convention to be held in the Opera House, Bloomsburg on Tuesday, August 10th, at 11 o'clock a. m., to place in nomination one candidate for Congress, one candidate for State Senator, two candidates for Representative and one candidate for District Attorney and to transact such other business as the interest of the Democratic party may require. Also at the same time and places and in the same manner the Democratic electors of each district will elect one person to serve as a member of the County Standing Committee which will meet immediately on the adjournment of the Covention.

By order of the county Committee,
DAVID LOWENBERG,
Chairman.

Apportionment of delegates according to vote for Governor in 1878.

Beaver	179	3	Delegates
Berwick	115	2	"
Benton	177	3	"
Bloom—East Ward	195	3	"
Bloom—West Ward	109	2	"
Briarcreek	88	2	"
Catawissa	178	3	"
Centralia	43	2	"
Centre	139	2	"
Conyngham N.	21	2	"
Conyngham S.	11	2	"
Fishingcreek	220	4	"
Franklin	54	2	"
Greenwood	147	2	"
Hemlock	136	2	"
Jackson	108	2	"
Locust	226	4	"
Madison	166	3	"
Main	112	2	"
Millfin	178	3	"
Montour	81	2	"
Mt. Pleasant	88	2	"
Orange	75	2	"
Pine	99	2	"
Roaringcreek	67	2	"
East Scott	60	2	"
West Scott	56	2	"
Sugarloaf	157	3	"

B. F. Zarr, Esq., is off on a fishing excursion.

There is a large crop of whortleberries this season.

Mr. A. C. Fress is reading law in the office of C. B. Jackson, Esq., at Berwick.

Capt. Brockway attended the Grand Army reunion at Gettysburg.

E. H. Little has been visiting his brother R. E. Little, at Tunkhannock.

Hon. H. B. Payne has been nominated by the Republicans of Luzerne as candidate for associate law judge.

Winona Hose Company will hold a festival at Evans' Hall on Friday and Saturday evenings, July 30th and 31st.

Major E. A. Hancock has been appointed Quartermaster General to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Col. C. G. Jackson.

There was a severe hail storm in Lycoming county last Friday which did much damage to fruit and crops.

Lightning struck the oil tanks at Custer city last week, Thursday, and a large amount of damage was done.

Thunder storms are of frequent occurrence just now. On Tuesday morning there was a heavy fall of rain accompanied by heaven's artillery.

No more sick Chickens. Save your poultry and cure them of disease, by using Roberts Poultry Powder. It has never failed to cure Cholera and all diseases to which fowls are subject. Price 25 cents per package july2-1m

A number of our citizens have already made their connections with the water mains. An irregular supply will be obtained in about a week, and the works are expected to be completed by August 15th.

The Board of Directors for Mt. Pleasant township were unanimous in the adoption of the "Triumph" school desk on Saturday last. H. V. White, agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

The Hancock and English club was addressed on Wednesday evening by John M. Clark, Esq., in a thoughtful and clear statement of the issues of the day. W. H. Jacoby was elected Marshal of the club. The number of names thus far enrolled is 252.

The Williamsport councils have passed an ordinance forbidding the keeping open of barber shops on Sunday. It was decided in this county some years ago that the common law forbids the carrying on of any such trade or business on the Sabbath.

Customer—"Why are Malt Bitters so popular?" Druggist—"Because as a Food Medicine they enrich the blood, harden the muscles, quiet the nerves and perfect digestion." july 2-4w

J. A. Scranton, of the Scranton *Republican*, has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Luzerne and Lackawanna district. He was serenaded a few nights ago and Mrs. Scranton made a speech to the serenaders. Is it Joe or his wife that's running for Congress?

It goes like wild fire. I sell twenty-bottles of the Great Mexican Remedy, to one of any other medicine in my store. It cures every time and goes like wild fire. I cured my wife of chills and fever, and my child of croup. J. D. Froman, druggist, Marland, Indiana.

Judge Cummin, one of the committee chosen by the Milton people to distribute the fund contributed for their benefit, has decided that as the courts have jurisdiction in such matters, it cannot be distributed by a committee without the consent of all the donors and doners, which would be practically impossible. The fund will probably be disposed of in the courts of Northumberland county.

William Ritchie, a farmer living in the East District, died very suddenly on Sunday afternoon last, of heart disease. He attended Sunday school and church in the morning, and in the afternoon in company with Mr. Alonzo Kressler, he rode out to Mr. Kressler's in Mt. Pleasant, where he died shortly after his arrival, while engaged in conversation. The deceased was 44 years old, was a a member of the Baptist church of this place and leaves a wife and four children.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. Nov. 21-1y.

BERWICK LETTER.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

On Monday night a severe thunder storm visited our town. The rain fall was greater than at any time before this summer, damaging the streets in several places to a considerable extent. No little damage was done to the corn and buckwheat on the neighboring farms.

The debris on the property known as the Michael Frantz property, on Front street, is being removed preparatory to the building of a business block.

Mr. Snyder, County Superintendent, held a teachers' examination in the school house on Monday. Two of a class of ten were rejected; that is, did not receive certificates.

Archery has at last affected our town and bids fair to take the place of croquet. Almost daily, at Mr. B. F. Crispin's, a little party may be seen practicing, with the target pierced with innumerable arrows.

At a meeting of the school board some time since, two new teachers were engaged, Mr. Treese ott and Miss Larrish.

The bass do not suffer much yet, though every day some tired fisherman returns with two or three, for which he has broiled all day in a hot sun.

REPORTER.

Berwick Pa., July 21, '80.

SINES' DYSENTERY COMPOUND.—There are no diseases that will so quickly bring incidents of a person's past life and make him think of home and his mother as Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic and all their kindred diseases. And to be without Sine's Dysentery Compound when overtaken by the above disease is to be almost without hope.

july 2-1m

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

TUESDAY JULY 20TH.

Council met at 7½ o'clock p. m. The meeting having been called by the Secretary and notice having been given, all the members were present, Mr. Herring, President, and Messrs. Holmes, Sharpless, Rabb, Thomas, Hassert and Evans. The President announced the object of the meeting to take into consideration the expediency of purchasing the necessary number of feet of hose needed. It was resolved that they purchase eight hundred feet of leather hose from Samuel Eastman & Co., at the price stated by their agent, Mr. C. A. Landay in his proposition to the Council, viz: one dollar and twenty-five cents per foot, with 4 per cent. deduction if paid within thirty days after trial, with nickel plated coupling, complete. Also two discharge pipes, four nozzles, two one and one quarter inch and two one and one-eighth inch, at ten dollars each; also one Siamese connection at nine dollars; also two hose straps, two double male couplings, and one coupling tool free of charge, the whole to be delivered to Bloomsburg free of freight charges.

C. W. Miller, Esq., presented the following bill:

Town of Bloomsburg to M andrake Swamp Co. Dr.

To assessment as made by Company
June 4, 1880 $350 45

On motion Council refused unanimously to pay said bill, but agreed to have their Solicitor enter in case stated with Mr. Miller and have the Court decide the question of liability of the Town of Bloomsburg.

Council passed resolution instructing the Treasurer to allow twenty days from the twentieth of July for tax-payers to pay their tax without adding the five per cent.

On motion adjourned.

JOHN K. GROTZ, Sec'y.

Englishmen formerly supposed that American running horses were very inferior to theirs but during the last two years Parole, Wallenstein and other fast ones that were sent from this country to England, have won hundreds of thousands of dollars, for such Americans as the Messrs. Lorillard, James Gordon Bennett, &c. The Englishmen have investigated the reasons for the great success of the American horses, and find that they are kept in such fine condition by the constant use of M. B. Roberts' Horse Powders. july 2-2m

FISHINGCREEK CENSUS.

NEW COLUMBUS, July 20, 1880.

MR. EDITOR:—Being asked several times questions concerning the enumeration of Fishingcreek township, I have made a partial statement of the enumeration, which please publish in your widely circulated paper, for the benefit of all who may be concerned.

No. of Inhabitants		1449
"	Dwellings	300
"	Families	302
"	Farms	115
"	Planing mills	1
"	Coopers	1
"	Blacksmith shops	4
"	Rake factories	1
"	Shoemakers	4
"	Grist mills	2
"	Insane persons	3
"	Idiots	1
"	Deaf mutes	2
"	Blind	4
"	Deaths	9
"	Bushels of buckwheat	14084
	Price per bushel	40
	Total value,	$5,633.60
"	Bushels corn, shelled	58475
	Price per bushel	50
	Total value	$29,237.50
"	Bushels of oats	27200
	Value per bushel	40
	Total value	$10,880 00
"	Bushels rye	6078
	Value per bushel	60
	Total value	$3,646.80
"	Bushels of wheat	14080
	Value per bushel	1.25
	Total value	$17,611.25
"	Bushel of potatoes	13808
	Price per bushel	25
	Total value	$3,452 00
Total number of bushels of grain		133,725
Total value of grain		$70,461.15

C. B. SUTTON,
Enumerator of Fishingcreek township.

Physicians freely prescribe the new Food Medicine, "Malt Bitters," because more nourishing, strengthening and purifying than all ther forms of malt or medicine, while free ofrom the objections urged against malt liquors june 4-4w

[Communicated.]

AGREEABLY SURPRISED.

CENTRE, July 27, 1880.

For some time past a close observer might have noticed something peculiar in the manner of the ladies in the vicinity of Hidlay church. They frequently met in private conclave and seemed to be forming a *ring*. Whether a Hancock, Garfield or Woman's Rights Club no one could say.

That something was about to happen was evident. Just what that something was remained a mystery till last Saturday when the conspirators gathered at a neighbors, and armed with large baskets well filled with those articles necessary to the success of all well managed surprise parties, they proceeded en masse, to our prise the fortress. The surprise was complete, while the reception, though informal, was warm and cordial. Although the party numbered thirty-three, yet the baskets contained an ample feast for all. The day was an enjoyable one and the whole affair proved a delightful success. The victim was Miss Lizzie Rockel and the occasion her birthday May she be agreeably surprised on many such occasions is the wish of her many friends.

THE CAMPAIGN COLUMBIAN

Only 75 cents for six months, or $1.50 a year in advance. Get up clubs and send in you names.

PERSONAL.

L. E. Waller, Esq., is at Long Pond.

Miss Ohlhausen, of Mahanoy Plains is visiting Mrs. M. E. Ent.

E. W. Drinker is spending his summer vacation at home. He is engaged in the office of the New York Central R. R. company.

Capt. Chadwick, of the U. S. Navy, was visiting his son-in-law, Harry Birkenbine, last week,

UNPAID SCHOOL WARRANTS.

Hon. J. P. Wickersham publishes a circular letter, addressed to the boards of school directors, and conveying the gratifying information that all outstanding school warrants will be paid during this and next months. The letter is as follows:

"The State Treasurer, Hon. Samuel Butler, authorizes me to give notice that all outstanding warrants issued to school districts for the appropriation of 1879, numbered up to 1,500, will be paid as presented during the current month; and that the balance of these warrants numbered from 1,500 upwards, remaining unpaid at the end of July, will be paid during August.

I congratulate school directors and all interested in public schools, the long delay in the payment of money due from the State is thus happily ended."

On Saturday, August 14th, there will be a Union Harvest Home of the Reformed charge in the grove at the Zion church, in Fishingcreek township. A number of speakers will be present. All are cordially invited to attend.

N. B.—No unauthorized party shall be permitted to have an ice cream stand or confectionery on the grounds. A. HOUTZ.

Geo. E. Elwell will be at the Exchange Hotel in Benton on Thursday, August 5th, and will be pleased to receive the names of those who desire to subscribe for this paper. He also requests that all those who are indebted to Brockway & Elwell for subscription up to October 1st, 1879 will call and settle, and all who are ready to pay for the present year will have an opportunity of doing so. Improve the opportunity and save a trip to Bloomsburg. j232w

HERDIC TO THE SURFACE.

We notice by the Williamport *Sun* that Peter Herdic has invented a new style of passenger coach, capable of seating eight persons and to be drawn with one horse. The principal points about this coach, giving it superiority over any other, is in the fact of its having very large wheels, thus passing more easily over the rough pavements and allowing one horse to draw about as much as two with smaller wheels. The axles are in a single piece of casting, with a drop of eighteen inches from the spindles, allowing the coach to set near the ground. There are other points of excellence which commend themselves at once. Mr. Herdic has organized a company with a capital of $1,000,000 at Philadelphia, where they intend to manufacture these coaches on a large scale and expect to supply every city in the United States.

At the present time when there are so many worthless liniments in the market, it would be well to inquire which is the best—this will be found in M. B. Roberts' celebrated Embrocation. It is a panacea for all ailments that require rubbing either an man or beast. For sale by all druggists. july 2-1m

RINGERTOWN ITEMS.

The ice cream party which was held last Saturday evening in the empty store room of E. P. Bender, in this place, was attended by one hundred and thirty-one, old and young. It seemed to be very well enjoyed by all.

Mrs. S. F. Pealer, of Lansford, Carbon county, is in this neighborhood, visiting her many relatives and friends.

The heavy hail storm which passed one mile north last Friday, did a great deal of damage to the corn, oats, buckwheat, &c. It hailed scarcely any here.

REPORTER.

Mothers, before giving your little babe cough or croup medicines, remember that Sines' Syrup of Tar, Hoarhound and Wild Cherry, is the only preparation that contains no opium, morphine, or any other narcotic. july 2-1m

WHAT TO OMIT IN LOCAL REPORTING.

The printers say, on it writing on both sides of the paper, as it is a great inconvenience to them.

Omit continuous weather reports. Never, or "hardly ever" touch the weather except in case of storms or drought.

Omit the use of many words and comments.

Omit puffs for certain parties and keep the editor's scissors sharp.

Omit replies to unpleasant personalities from other correspondents. Silence on your part will silence them in less time and more effectually than all the wordy warfare you can wage.

Omit unpleasant personalities and never send items the force of which are known only to yourself and a few others. A newspaper is not a fortress behind which to throw shells.

Omit saying anything simply for the purpose of filling up a communication.

Omit articles liable to stir up strife and discord between neighbors.

Omit matter offered by others which your own judgment does not approve.

Omit anything outside of facts, never quoting larger figures than the facts will warrant for the purpose of giving your territory a good showing.—*Paston, Ill. Record*

M. B. Roberts' Poultry Powders will cure the worst case of Cholera or Gapes. With M. B. Roberts' Poultry Powder you can increase the number of eggs 50 per cent. Sold everywhere at 25 cents per package. july 2-1m

ORANGEVILLE ITEMS.

The frequent rains, with the warm days and nights, have given farmers good reason to hope that the corn crop will mature quite early.

Farmers are busy gathering oats, and the indications are that the crop will be unusually large.

A lady and gentleman from Philadelphia, passed through this place on foot en route to the Long Pond. By the time they reach this beautiful summer resort they will know that walking is not only healthy, but tiresome pastime.

The festival in Academy grove for the benefit of the band, was largely patronized. On Friday evening the Afton band was present, and in their beautiful uniforms made a splendid appearance. On Saturday night the Espy band played for the immense crowd in the grove. Both of these bands are young and play well for the practice they have had, and in behalf of our band and citizens we thank them for their good music and gentlemanly conduct.

The two great political parties have thrown their banners to the breeze, while on the corners, the leaders loudly and angrily discuss the merits of the different candidates.

Rev Cleos has gone to visit his parents in Lycoming county. On Sunday evening the 11th inst., he preached from the steps of Low's store, while the congregation occupied the "four corners."

A party of seven brought from the North Mountain seven bushels of huckleberries in a day's picking.

Bee culture has become quite an industry with with some of our citizens, and one of our politicians has an Apiary that does him credit. Fortunately for the bees, that heifer did not do as much mischief as at first reported.

NETHERLAND.

The Hancock and English Club met in Cadman's Hall last Thursday evening pursuant to adjournment. The president announced that two hundred and twenty-six members had been enrolled. By the unanimous request of the club, H. E. Smith, Esq., addressed the meeting in his usually eloquent manner.

Moved that the meeting be changed from Thursday evening to Wednesday evening. Carried.

Moved that the committee on transparencies &c., be instructed to decorate the hall properly. Carried.

The president called attention to the importance of procuring suits for the drum corps and announced the following committees:

Constitution and By-Laws—C. B. Brockway, chairman; Jno. M. Clark, R. R. Little, Paul E. Wirt and G. W. Sterner.

Finance—Geo. E. Elwell, chairman; W. R. Tubbs, W. C. McKinney, Frank Dentler, H. W. McReynolds.

On procuring speakers—John G. Freeze, chairman; Peter Billmeyer, David Lowenberg.

Transparencies and decoration of hall—Thos. Gorey, chairman; C. G. Barkley, Jas. Cadman.

Glee Club—Elijah Shutt, chairman; George Hassert. M. F. Eyerly.

Enrollment, assessment and payment of taxes—Wm. Krickbaum, chairman; W. H. Jacoby, John B. Casey.

On motion club adjourned to meet Wednesday evening, July 21, at 8 o'clock.

R. BUCKINGHAM, } Secy's.
C. R. HOUSEL, }

No More Hard Times.

If you will stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style, buy good healthy food, cheaper and better clothing; get more real and substantial things of life every way, and especially stop the foolish habit of employing expensive, quack doctors or using so much of the vile humbug medecine that does you only harm, but put your trust in that simple, pure remedy, Hop Bitters; that cures always at a trifling cost, and you will see good times and have good health.—*Chronicle.*

Judge Ross, of Montgomery, is said to have decided that the law does not contemplate holding post mortem examinations at inquests, except where suspicious circumstances exist.

The Democrats of Northumberland have nominated Lewis Dewart for Congress (subject to the conference with Dauphin and Lebanon counties), S. P. Wolverton for State Senator and Wm. Elliot and John Scanlan for Legislature.

One day in the house Mr. Wilson of Iowa, a republican, was warmly advocating an amendment to the tariff bill making sweeping reductions in duties. Garfield as usual began to see-saw backward and forward until no one could tell on which side he would land when Thaddeus Stevens interrupted him. "Why not come out honestly and accept the proposition of the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. Wilson) which is a much better and more ingenuous one?" Stevens had respect for the frankness and honesty of Wilson though opposed to him. But he despised the crookedness and evasions of Garfield though pretending to be on his side. For this incident see Congressional Globe part 4 page 3,721, first session thirty-ninth Congress—*Patriot.*

AN ACT

To define the necessary and proper expenses incident to the nomination and election of Senators, Representatives, State, Judicial, Municipal and County officers, and to authorize the payment thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That no person who shall hereafter be a candidate for the nomination, or for election to the Senate or House of Representatives, or to any office of the judiciary, or to any state, municipal or county office in this commonwealth, shall pay or contribute, either directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing, or knowingly allow it to be done by others for him, either for the nomination, election or appointment, except necessary expenses as follows, to-wit:

First. For printing and traveling expenses.

Second. For dissemination of information to the public.

Third. For political meetings, demonstrations and conventions.

The foregoing expenses may be incurred, either in person or through other individuals or committees of organizations duly constituted for the purpose, but nothing contained in this act shall be so construed as to authorize the payment of money or other valuable thing for the vote or influence of any elector, either directly or indirectly, at primary, township, general or special elections, nominating conventions, or for any corrupt purpose whatever incident to an election; and all judicial, state, county and municipal officers hereafter elected shall before entering upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the oath prescribed by section first, of article seven, of the constitution of this commonwealth.

SECTION 2. Every person violating either of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be subject to fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and to imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, or either, at the discretion of the court.

APPROVED—The 18th day of April, A. D., 1874.

J. F. HARTRANFT.

It should be the aim of every owner of Horses, Cows, &c., to make them as handsome and useful as possible. The German Horse and Cow Powder helps to develop all the powers of the animal. It improves its beauty and increases its usefulness. It makes milk, muscle and fat. By using it a horse will do more work and a cow give more milk and be in better condition with less feed. Sold only by weight at 15 cents a pound by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg.

Dec 12, '79-1y

Deaths.

PARKER.—In Greenwood township, on the 13th inst., of diabetis, Joseph C. Parker, aged 40 years and 23 days.

AMMERMAN.—In Fishingcreek township on the 14th inst., of diphtheria, Carrie A., eldest daughter of James M. and Jennie M. Ammerman, aged 5 years, 11 months and 27 days.

Business Notices

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

New lot of Hamburg Embroidery at I. W. Hartman's.

The public are hereby informed that splendid suits are now made from the latest styles of Spring Goods on the following terms: *Latest Styles, Lowest Prices, Best Material, Best Workmanship,* and *Best Fits* at the Popular Store of

David Lowenberg.

I. W. Hartman offers about 30 Silk and Cotton Parasols at cost.

Harriet A. Newkirk, of Salem, says: I was cured of tetter in my hand by three applications of Camphor Milk. My husband was cured of old running sores by using it. It cured my son of a sprained ankle. Price 25 cents. Sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg. april 16, '80,1y

Hon. George N. Corson, Norristown, says: The Phoenix Pectoral is indispensable in my family. It acts like a charm in curing coughs and colds with the children, and I always use it when addressing a jury. Price 25 cents. C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg. apr16-1y

Admission free at McKinney's.

Another case of Fine Ready Made Clothing just received at D. Lowenberg's.

The best (2 pair for 25 cents) stockings in the county at I. W. Hartman's.

4,000 pounds nice dried raspberries, 4,000 pounds nice dried pitted cherries wanted this fall, by Silas Young, Light Street ju y 2-6m

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Fancy Hose just received at I. W. Hartman's.

For Nobby Hats,
For Latest Styles,
For Lowest Prices,
Go to David Lowenberg's.

Call and see the Best and Cheapest Summer Suit for $6.00 at D. Lowenberg's.

New Muslins, Calicoes, Lawns, &c., &c., at I. W. Hartman's.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Clothing Store of David Lowenberg is well stocked with all the latest styles of Clothing for Men, Youth and Children. Call and examine.

Shetland Shawls, white, blue and cardinal $1.00 to $1.40 at I. W. Hartman's

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

HOW TO GET almost Everything.

Do you know how to get in the easiest way and to best advantage what you want for dress and house-furnishing?

First, how: Write for a catalogue; see what you can learn from it about the things you want. If samples can be useful to you, ask for them and state your wants so plainly that exactly the right samples can be sent.

Second, where: The place where goods are kept in the greatest variety; where they are sold for what they really are in respect to quality; where prices are lowest; where most care is taken to serve customers acceptably; and where you have the right to return whatever is not satisfactory.

There—no matter where you are—if you make your wants known and avail yourself of your privileges, you will get the best things in the best way, promptly and without trouble or risk; sometimes by mail, sometimes by express, almost always at less cost for carriage than the money you save in the price.

John Wanamaker,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Chestnut, Thirteenth, Market and Juniper.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. july 16, '80-1f

PILE REMEDY.

Piles—What unceasing tortures arise from Internal Hemorrhoids, External and Itching Piles. The vain endeavors to obtain even partial relief has discouraged the millions who suffer, and they have borne their agony in silence, thinking there was no hope or prospect of a cure. Notwithstanding the total failure of the many remedies heretofore offered for the cure of piles, and the picture of agony resting on the face of those who have tried the various remedies but in vain, yet eagerly sought for and anxiously tried anything that promises the least relief until their courage has long since given place to despondency, let them cheer up, allow the smiles of happiness to illuminate the haggard countenance, and the duties of life will be performed with a degree of happiness and pleasure unknown for weeks, months or years. Briggs' Pile Remedies are the result of unceasing study and experimenting, the he pins ultra of medical science, and in every respect safe, scientific and reliable for the cure of piles in every form. Briggs' remedies are sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Try Dr. Briggs' Buchu Balsam.

$1,000 REWARD

CATARRH is the most universal and distressing disease of the present day, and the scores of wonderful remedies offered for the cure of this disgusting disease, which are worse than worthless, has discouraged the millions who suffer and have tried in vain for relief and cure until their courage is gone and the victim still suffers in doubt. Here we s with Dr. Josiah Briggs' Catarrh Specifics Nos 1 and 2, and I also shall be expected to convince that we have the best and cheapest remedies known. 1st—we will furnish them to responsible parties on condition—"NO CURE NO PAY." 2nd—Will pay $100 for a case they will not cure, and we will pay $50 for one equal as a cure. 4th—Will pay $500 if anything poisonous or deleterious is found in their composition. 5th—Will pay $1,000 if in any regular Dr. Josiah Briggs' Catarrh Specifics are found different from representation. Warranted to instantly relieve and radically cure Acute, Chronic, Ulcerative or Dry Catarrh, Cold in the Head, and all affections of the cavities of the head and throat. Two bottles in one box. Greatest success of the age. Sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Try Dr. Briggs' Catarrh Specifics.

BUNION BALSAM.

Bunions, Corns and other ailments of the feet cause much suffering among all nations by whom shoes are worn. There is more than $1,000 worth of boots and shoes destroyed annually in the United States (in the rest of the world more than $1,000,000) by cutting while here, or nearly so, to make room for painful bunions, corns, ingrowing nail s, sore heels, etc. Besides this great sacrifice, there is paid in New York to chiropodists about $25,000 annually; in New England States about $20,000; in the west and southern about $20,000; and in the rest of the world about $200,000; besides this there is $500,000 spent annually for cures and other worthless compounds for the cure of Bunions, Corns, Sore Heels, Ingrowing Feet, etc. To avoid these great losses and expenditures, use Dr. Josiah Briggs' Bunion Balsam and Sure Corn Cure, which is the only preparation known that gives immediate relief, and rapidly cures hard, soft and ulcerated Bunions hard, soft and festered sores, vascular excrescences, callosities large and small, sore lumps blistered heels, to der feet, ingrowing nails, etc., without the cutting or leaving any pain or soreness. Warranted safe and sure. Sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Try Dr. Briggs' Unparalleled Pile Remedy.

Read and Reflect.

Local and constitutional treatment for all Catarrhal affections. Dr Josiah Briggs' Catarrh Specifics are offered to those afflicted with acute, chronic, ulcerative or dry catarrh, cold in the head, hay fever, relaxed palate, sore throat, hoarseness, loss of voice, and all affections of the nasal cavities and throat, with a guarantee that they are cheaper, better, more efficacious, curing quicker, with more certainty, and more agreeable to use than any remedy yet discovered. Two bottles in one box, one of which reduced with water makes 64 ounces for use. Price $5.00 per package, furnished to responsible parties on condition: "No cure no pay." Dealers are authorized to refund the money if purchasers are not satisfied. The specifics are constitutional as well as local. $100 will be paid if they fail to cure when used as directed. $50 for the first equal as a cure. $500 if anything poisonous or deleterious is found in their composition. $1,000 (will be paid if in any respect Dr. Briggs' Catarrh Specifics are found different from representation. Here is an opportunity for those discouraged by repeated failures to try again on a guaranteed cure. And the timid who fear deception may venture to try these specifics without feeling that they are to be humbugged, as there is no risk to run. Warranted cheapest, best and most agreeable. If not found satisfactory demand your money and it will be returned. Sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. BRIGGS & CO.,
Newark, New Jersey.

april 23, '80-1y

BUNION BALSAM.

Bunions, Corns and other ailments of the feet cause much suffering among all nations by whom shoes are worn. There is more than $1,000 worth of boots and shoes destroyed annually in the United States (in the rest of the world more than $1,000,000) by cutting while here, or nearly so, to make room for painful bunions, corns, ingrowing nail s, sore heels, etc. Besides this great sacrifice, there is paid in New York to chiropodists about $25,000 annually; in New England States about $20,000; in the west and southern about $20,000; and in the rest of the world about $200,000; besides this there is $500,000 spent annually for cures and other worthless compounds for the cure of Bunions, Corns, Sore Heels, Ingrowing Feet, etc. To avoid these great losses and expenditures, use Dr. Josiah Briggs' Bunion Balsam and Sure Corn Cure, which is the only preparation known that gives immediate relief, and rapidly cures hard, soft and ulcerated Bunions hard, soft and festered sores, vascular excrescences, callosities large and small, sore lumps blistered heels, to der feet, ingrowing nails, etc., without the cutting or leaving any pain or soreness. Warranted safe and sure. Sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg, Pa.

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DR. J. BRIGGS & CO.,
Newark, New Jersey.

april 23, '80-1y

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Saturday, July 24th, 1880.

All the right title and interest of the defendants in that certain tract or piece of land situate in Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of Solomon Davis and Hiram Ash, on the east by land of Samuel Kline, on the south by land of William Ash, and on the west by land of the Benton Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association, containing one hundred acres more or less, on which are erected two two-story frame dwelling houses barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Thomas L. Davis and Reuben J. Davis.

KNORR & FRITZ, Attorney. Sundry Writs.

ALSO,

All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Montour township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by land of Reuben Gubbs, on the south by land of Frank Evans, and on the west by land of Walter estate, containing two acres more or less, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house, barn and outbuildings, a good apple orchard and other fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

One other tract of land situate in Montour township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by land late of Evan Wellner, on the east by land of Reuben Gubbs, and on the south and west by land of the Walter estate containing four acres more or less.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Being a lot of ground with the buildings and appurtenances situate on Main street of said town, and bounded on the north by Main or Second street, on the east by Barton's Alley, on the south by Pine Alley and on the west by a lot formerly owned by Reuben Kreamer, containing in front on Main street twenty four feet and nine inches, running thence back to Pine Alley two hundred and fourteen feet and six inches, on which are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One other lot situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post corner in line of land formerly owned by Jacob Eyer and an alley twenty feet wide laid out by Dr. John Ramsey, and running thence along said alley north twenty-eight and three-fourth degrees, west one hundred and fourteen feet to a post in the line of a street thirty-three feet wide, laid out by the said John Ramsey, thence along said street south sixty-one and one-fourth degrees, west two hundred and fifty-nine feet to a post, thence by land of the heirs of Wm. Wright, deceased, south twenty-eight and three-fourth degrees, east one hundred and seventy-three feet to a post in the line of land formerly owned by Daniel Snyder, thence by the same north thirty-four and one-fourth degrees, east one hundred and one feet to a hickory, and thence by land formerly owned by Jacob Eyer, north thirty-one and three-fourth degrees, east one hundred and ninety-three feet to the place of beginning, containing one acre strict measure, be the same more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Daniel Fry against Jackson Walter and to be sold as the property of Jackson Walter,

ZARR, Attorney. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain three-fourths interest in a tract or piece of timber land situate in Briarcreek and Fishingcreek townships, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone, formerly black oak, it being an original corner of a survey in the warrantee name of Nathan Beach, and another in the name of Daniel F. Seybert, thence along said Beach survey south eighty-one degrees, west four hundred and fifty-three perches to a stone formerly a chestnut oak; thence by the same south nine degrees east fifty-two perches to stones, thence by the same south eighty-one degrees west sixty-two perches to stones, thence to survey in the warrantee name of Samuel J. Pealer north twenty degrees one hundred twenty-six perches to stones, thence by land in the warrantee name of John Allegar, thence by the same north seventy-two degrees, east three hundred and 80 perches to a black oak, thence by land warranteed to Perry Buckalew north seventy-five degrees, east one hundred and thirty-two perches to a post, thence north eighty-six and a half degrees east fifty-one perches to a chestnut oak, thence north sixty-two degrees east eighty-four perches to a post, thence south two degrees west one hundred and fifty-eight perches to the place of beginning, containing four hundred acres strict measure, it being the same premises which Dr. John Kindt and Sally Ann his wife by their indenture bearing date herewith did grant and confirm unto the said Angeline Horn.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of M. A. Ammerman against Charles Unangst executor of Dr. John Kindt, deceased, and to be sold as the property of Charles Unangst, executor of Dr. John Kindt, deceased.

BROCKWAY, Attorney. Vend Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain tract of land situate in Pine township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of Philip Shoemaker, on the east by land of Hiram Shultz, on the south by land of Parvin Eves, and on the west by land of Abraham Tilman, containing about forty acres more or less, on which are erected a two-story frame house, large bank barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Joseph Cole, jr., use of A. P. Keller, administrator of Benjamin Eves, deceased against Jacob Cole and to be sold as the property of Jacob Cole.

A. C. & H. E. SMITH, Attorneys. Vend. Ex.

Terms cash on day of sale.

U. H. EST.
July 2, '80-ts Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARY GORRELL, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the moneys in the hands of William H. Clark, trustee appointed to make sale of the real estate of Mary Gorrell, late of Centralia borough, deceased, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, July 31st, 1880, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day for the purpose of his appointment. All persons having claims against said estate will appear and present them at that time, or be forever debarred from receiving any share of said fund.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
July 2

A MINE EXPLOSION.

OVER A HUNDRED LIVES SACRIFICED—TERRIBLE ACCIDENT IN A SOUTH WALES COLLIERY.

Dispatches from London give the particulars of another terrible accident for which the British mines are famous. This time it was in the new Black Vein Pit, owned by the London and South Wales Colliery Company at Risca, and the loss of life is estimated as high as 128. The Risca Colliery has met with accidents before. It suffered from carelessness. A miner uncovered his lamp for the purpose of lighting his pipe. The result of this reckless violation of the rules was an explosion, which caused the death of 142 of the miners. Risca is six miles from Newport, a town of county Monmouth. Newport is a place of upwards of 30,000 inhabitants and is the outlet for the coal mined at Risca and other collieries, and has magnificent docks and wharves and an immense export trade of coal, iron and tin. The explosion in the Black Vein pit occurred at twenty minutes past one o'clock yesterday morning. At that time there were, according to various estimates, from 107 to 128 miners at work in the pit. Immediately all was excitement and confusion. The explosion was very heavy and shook the earth around for a long distance. The sullen roar far beneath told the story of disaster. It does not appear as yet that there was anything new in the character of this great disaster nor in the cause which produced it. The gas in the pit, which is very deep and winding, became ignited, and the explosion occurred. The plain fact is all that is yet known.

The news of the explosion spread rapidly and as soon as the dreadful tidings reached the cabins of the miners the whole above-ground population rushed pell-mell to the mouth of the pit. Nothing could then be seen save the dull smoke which issued from the mine. The wives and relatives of the men known to be in the Black Vein rent the air with lamentations. The scenes are described as heartrending in the extreme. Women tore their hair and shrieked, while children ran about crying and wringing their hands. There did not seem to be the least possibility of saving any of the miners, but nevertheless work was immediately begun to restore ventilation. Towards morning this work was partially accomplish and preparations were at once made to send down an exploring party. This is says a dispatch from Newport, a most hazardous service, as the gas may still be lingering in the works in dangerous quantities, but volunteers have freely offered and the party has been organized. The crowd around the mouth of the pit is immense. It is regarded as a fortunate circumstance that no signs of fire have as yet appeared. After an examination of the lists the overseers of the mine express fears that the loss of life is much greater than at first supposed and that probably 128 miners have perished. Nothing can be surely known respecting their fate until after the return of the exploring party, Old miners at the mouth of the pit, who are familiar with its workings, galleries and passages, say that chances are all against the hope that any of the miners will be found alive, and that those who were not killed outright have probably been imprisoned hopelessly by the mass of fallen rock and coal and suffocated by the foul air. The excitement in the neighborhood is intense, and the authoritiei and constabulary are at hand to prevent any violent outbreak. If the speculations as to the number who have perished aball prove only approximately true, the Black vein disaster must be set down as among the worst that have recently da.kened the annals of coal mining in England.

At about 8 o'clock, the bodies of three unfortunate miners were found near the bottom of the shaft, and the exploring party discovered that the force of the explosion was terrific, blowing to atoms the ventilating fan in the upcast air-blast. When this news came to the surface the grief of the women and children gathered around the pit became even more intense. Old miners said that there was now no hope that any of the men could exist. Many denounced the owners of the mine for not providing better ventilation and for all manner of real or presumed offenses; but it is probable that the Black Vein pit was as safe as the majority of mines. Meanwhile the crowd grew larger and it was piteous to look upon the agony of the relatives of the victims. Some were very violent and the grief was expressed in shrieks and wild outcries; others sobbed mournfully and others stared fixedly at the black pit and only their white cheeks told of their agony. Their suspense was something awful. They were hoping against hope and awiting the report of the exploring party.

A careful examination of the company's books shows that one hundred and twenty men desecended into the pit for the night shift.

A Cardiff correspondent telegraphs as follows:

"There is some confusion regarding the number of men in the pit. A recent calculation lessens it to eighty, but I am informed that it is not impossible that over two hundred collies had gone down. The pit is 280 yards deep. All the machinery was new, but the Black Vein seam is an old one and is well known in connection with previous explosions."

Sir William Harcourt, Home Secretary, replying to an inquiry in the House of Commons, said that he believed one hundred and eighteen men perished by the explosion.

Some of the most terrible accidents ever recorded are those which have taken place in the English mines. In 1847 the Oaks colliery, near Barnsley, was the scene of the death of seventy miners. But this was nothing to the explosion in the same mine on the 12th of December, 1866, which resulted in a loss of life, reaching the appalling total of three hundred and twelve. A second explosion followed as the searchers pressed into the pit, and twenty-eight of them perished. Explosion after explosion succeeded, making it impossible to enter the pit, but at 5 a.m., on 14th the signal ball at the top was rung, and two men, Mammott and Embledon, going down, brought up Samuel Brown, one of the searchers, who had been wandering in the inclines for twenty-four hours, falling over the bodies of the slain at every turn till at last he groped his way to the shaft. The fire raged so furiously that it was necessary to fill up the shaft. Yet so little effect has a calamity of this kind that on the next day at Talk-o-th'-Hill, North Stafford, a man went to his work with an exposed light, and eighty five lives went out in a blast of flame and poison. The last serious explosion that occurred in England was on January 21 last, when 62 out of 63 men in the Lycett colliery at Newcastle-under-Lyne, Staffordshire, were killed by an explosion. The coal in this colliery belongs to the Banbury, or fiery seam, in which all the great Staffordshire explosions have occurred. From the last return of accidents and deaths in British mines, compiled by one of the inspectors, it appears that during the five years ending 1875 the total number of persons killed was 5,504 Of these fatalities 977 arose from explosions, while no fewer than 2,254 were caused by falling roofs and sides, 775 from shaft accidents and 11,655 from other miscellaneous underground casualities, the remaining 443 deaths being caused by accidents above ground. The loss of life by mining accidents in 1876 was 933; in 1877 it was 1,208, and in 1878 rose to 1,143.

Guilty of Wrong.

Some people have a fashion of confusing excellent remedies with the large mass of "patent medicines," and in this they are guilty of a wrong. There are some advertised remedies fully worth all that is asked for them, and one at least we know of—Hop Bitters. The writer has had occasion to use the Bitters in just such a climate as we have most of the year in Bay city, and has always found them to be first-class and reliable doing all that is claimed for them.—*Tribune.*

Mrs. Tom Thumb is described by a correspondent as she appeared recently in the surf. She is now a perfect matron in minature. Her face, though still pretty shows her age, and a qualut, motherly expression. She is a realization, in a small way, of fair, fat, and forty. She wore a suit of blue gray flannel, which was jaunty and coquettish before it got wet. Her arms were bare to the tops of her shoulders, in each of which was a pretty little dimple, and there was a shapely taper down to the wrists. Her small feet were uncovered. She had a comical dignified air, and she steped into the surf with the air of a knee-high queen. She waded boldly until she met the first wave, which soused her, flopped her down, and rolled her over and over, and finally threw her up on the sand. All the style had been instantaneously drenched out of her clothes, but, take her altogether, she looked better after the ordeal than did most of the bigger women." Her husband is enormously fat, wears whiskers, and shows all of his fifty years. His brother-in-law, Major Newell, who was a dwarf of very small proportions when he married Minnie Warren, has since grown to a stature of five feet.

"Future happiness." All those who have the future happiness of children at stake, should know that Dr. Boll's Baby Syrup contains nothing injurious.

When Chitterden had secured Garfield's services for the Chicago paving ring, he wrote to McClellan and DeGolyer as follows: "To-day's and to-nights work has secured the assistance of General Garfield. You can not overrate this accession. He is the chairman of the committee on appropriations and holds the purse strings of the national treasury. Through him must come every dollar of appropriations. I need not say that I now feel certain of success." This accession enabled the paving ring to filch $11,250 000 from the public treasury.

Impure Blood, General Debility, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples, Carbuncles, unhealing sores, and other diseases demanding a treatment essentially Tonic; Absorbent, Alterative, Blood Cleansing, Blood Making and Health Restoring, yield readily to that most perfect and elegant of medicinal preparations, Dr. Browning's Tonic and Alterative. Price 50 cents and $1. For sale by the Proprietor, W. Champion Browning, M. D., 1117 Arch street, Philadelphia, and all druggists and dealers in medicines.

The New York *Sun* estimates "That there are over 100,000 Sunday schools in the world that 1,000,000 teachers are engaged in them and that they are attended by 10,000,000 scholars. In the United States alone 7,000,000 of these scholars are reported."

After all a gentle purgative is the best means of curing headache, liver complaint, biliousness, &c. Use "Seller's Liver Pills."

The latest Hancock man says that that initials of Hancock's name stand for "Will Succeed Hayes." He has hit the nail square on the head.

A lady in East Liberty, Pa., whose face was covered with sores, was cured by using one bottle of 'Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher.'

The enormous wheat crop of Arkansas of last year is completely overshadowed by the tremendous crop now being harvested.

The following we over-heard yesterday. Lizzie—"Why, George; how exquisitely you do smell." George—"Yes; I am wearing a Day's Kidney Pad."

There are now more mackerel off the Massachusetts coast than have been seen before in sixteen years, and fishermen are having a happy time.

ELIXIR VITÆ FOR WOMEN.—Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., has made the discovery! Her Vegetable compound is a positive cure for female complaints. A line addressed to this lady will elicit all necessary information.

A Sunday school teacher asked a little girl who was the first man. She answered that she didn't know. The question was then put to an Irish girl, who answered, "Adam, sir, with apparent satisfaction. "La!" said the first child, "you needn't feel so grand about it—he wasn't an Irisman?"

"Your "Simmon's Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am persuaded it is a valuable addition to the medical science.—Gov. Jno. Gill Shorter of Alabama.

"It has proved a good and efficacious medicine. C. A. Nutting.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM.
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

The Positive Cure

For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Falling of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new Life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Ex bottle for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM' LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

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MOYER BROTHERS., Bloomsburg, Pa.
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POSTERS, &C., &C.,

Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Testimonials are received every day by the proprietors of SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR from persons of education and prominence from all parts of the country attesting to the wonderful curative properties of this great medicine. No other preparation but the Regulator has ever been discovered that would effectually cure Dyspepsia and its hundred evils, and restore the patient to a perfectly healthy condition of body and mind. The rapidly increasing demand for this medicine and our large sales in consequence, is indeed sufficient evidence in itself of its great popularity.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

Perfectly Harmless.

It can be used any time without fear by the most delicate persons. No matter what the ailing, and may be given to children with perfect safety, as no bad results follow its use, going to possible injury. As a mild tonic, gentle laxative and harmless Invigorant it is infinitely superior to any known remedy for

Malarious Fever, Bowel Complaints, Jaundice, Colic, Restlessness, Mental Depression, Sick Headache, Constipation, Nausea, Biliousness,

DYSPEPSIA, &c.

Read the following names of persons well and widely known, who testify to the valuable properties of Simmons Liver Regulator or Medicine.

Hon. Alex. H. Stevens; John W. Beckwith, Bishop of Georgia; Gen. John B. Gordon, U. S. Senator; Hon. John Gill Shorter; Rt. Rev. Bishop Pierce; J. Edgar Thompson; Hon. R. Hill; Hon. John G. Brockinridge; Prof. David Wills; D. D.; Hiram Warner, Chief Justice of Ga.; Lewis Wunder, Assist. P. M. Phila.; and many others from whom we have letters commending upon this medicine as a most valuable household remedy. PURELY VEGETABLE.

Its low price places it in the reach of all be they rich or poor. If you are suffering and cannot find relief, procure at once from your druggist a bottle of Regulator. Give it a fair trial and it will not only afford relief, but permanently cure you. It is without a single exception.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the world.

Original and Genuine

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Price $1.00. Sold by all Druggists.
April 16, '80—1y.

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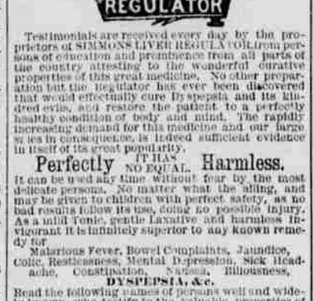

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By invigorating a feeble constitution, renovating a debilitated physique, and enriching a thin and innutritious circulation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest, the most highly sanctioned, and the most popular tonic and alterative in existence.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.
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JOHNSON'S
Indian Blood Syrup.
LABORATORY,
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LATE OF JERSEY CITY.

[TRADE MARK.]

CURES *Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Biliousness, Nervous Debility, etc.*

The Best REMEDY KNOWN to Man!
70,000 AGENTS HAVE SOLD SINCE 1870
9,000,000 Bottles.
This Syrup Possesses Varied Properties.

It stimulates the Pytyaline in the Saliva, which converts the starch and sugar of the food into glucose. A deficiency in Pytyaline causes Wind and Sinking of the stomach. If the medicine is taken immediately after eating the fermentation of food is prevented.
It acts upon the Liver.
It acts upon the Kidneys.
It Regulates the Bowels
It Purifies the Blood.
It Quiets the Nervous System.
It Promotes Digestion
It Nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.
It carries off the Old Blood and makes new.
It opens the pores of the skin and induces Healthy Perspiration.

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors.

There are no spirits employed in its manufacture, and it can be taken by the most delicate babe, or by the aged and feeble, *care only required in attention to directions.*

PRICE OF LARGE BOTTLES, - $1.00
PRICE OF SMALL BOTTLES, - - 50

Read the VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIALS of Persons who have been CURED by the use of the BLOOD PURIFIER.

CAUTION TO DRUGGISTS.

Beware of counterfeit Medicine. I employ no agents or runners to solicit trade from druggists.

Best Medicine Ever Used.

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had been troubled for a long time with a Pain in my Stomach, and found no relief until I began using your Indian Blood Syrup. I find it the best medicine in use, and I can recommend it to all, old and young. It saves many dollars in doctors' bills, and one large bottle did me more good than five dollars worth of other medicine.

Mariam Labarr.

An Astonishing Cure.

Monroe, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had been afflicted with a Cough, Loss of Appetite and Dyspepsia for ten years. I could not properly attend to my business, and hearing of your justly celebrated Indian Blood syrup, I resolved to try it, which I did, and in a short time was much improved. I now have a good Appetite, and have enjoyed good health ever since I commenced its use.

J. Labarr.

Sick Headache Cured.

Bowman's Creek, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had sick Headache and by the use of your Indian Blood Syrup I was greatly relieved. I recommend all to try its valuable properties.

J. W. Burnett.

The Remedy did more than she Expected.

Newberry, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—The Indian Blood Syrup did more than I expected it would and it has cured me of Liver Complaint. I use it as a Medicine and would not be without it.

Mrs. Mary Chairman.

Headache and Dizziness.

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your Indian Blood Syrup has cured me of Headache, Dizziness and Loss of Appetite, so that I am now able to work in my factory. My wife derived more benefit from its use than from any other medicine.

Henry Russel.

Would not be Without it.

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—The Indian Blood Syrup is the best I ever used and I would not be without it, it is good for all complaints.

John Burkhart.

Diseases of the Stomach.

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I had a Weak Stomach and could eat no meat or any hearty food whatever. By a friend's adv ce I commenced the use of your Indian Blood Syrup, which after a short trial, effectually relieved me and I can now eat anything I choose. Your Syrup gives universal satisfaction.

Elizabeth Hadsall.

All that it is recommended to be.

Opera House, Columbia, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup and it has proven just as represented. I can recommend it to all.

Wm. Hochow,
Wholesale Merchant, 5th street.

Unanimous Recommendation.

The following add their testimony for the Indian Blood Syrup:

H. K. Ettrell, engineer P R R.
J. G. Smith, at Baldwins Steel Works.
Mrs. Snyder, of Columbia.
A. Brener, of Washingtonburgh.
John Kenys, of Safe Harbor.

Would not be Without it.

Benton, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup and have received much benefit therefrom. I could not get along without it.

Mrs. Barber.

Never Fails to Cure.

East Lemon Wyoming Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—I was sick for three years, and under professional treatment most of the time without being benefited. At last I was induced to try your Indian Blood Syrup and after a short trial, I found myself in better health than I had been for two years.

Mrs. Theron Ball

Sure Cure for Liver Complaint.

Rohrsburg, Columbia Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your Indian Blood Syrup has been used by me, for Liver Complaint, which had been troubling me for a long time I derived more benefit from the use of the Syrup than from any other medicine. I heartily recommend it, and advise all sufferers to give it a trial.

L P Smith

Loss of Appetite.

Rohrsburg Columbia county Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup for Loss of Appetite and Weakness of the Stomach, with very beneficial results. I believe your medicine to be the greatest blood purifier known, and advise all who may be suffering as I was to give it a speedy trial.

Mrs. E Avery

Pains in Shoulders.

Rohrsburg, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—Truth is to certify that your Indian Blood Syrup has greatly relieved me of Pains in the Shoulder and Chest, which I had been afflicted with for years. I recommend it very highly.

Mrs. Mary Welsh.

Kidney Complaint.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My Father has been suffering with Kidney Complaint for a long time and had been under doctors' treatment, but the doctors could not effect a cure. I have been subject to a Numbness and Weakness in my Left Arm. We obtained some of your invaluable Indian Blood Syrup from your Agent, Wm. H. Potter, and it has cured my father completely, and my arm is much better. It does not trouble me half so much. Your medicine is excellent.

Josiah John.

Female Complaints.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I purchased some of your Indian Blood Syrup for my wife for Inflamation and Female Complaint, and it has given her relief.

J K Herner

Best Medicine Ever Used.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My little son was troubled with his water passing from him constantly, day and night. I consulted two doctors and gave him medicine, but without effect. I bought some of your celebrated Indian Blood Syrup, a short trial of which, cured him.

Lambert Camp.

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Daniel Goodman.

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Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable Indian Blood Syrup has effected a permanent cure in my case. I had been afflicted with the Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, but am now entirely well.

Mrs. John Thornton.

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Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

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Mrs. S B Adkins.

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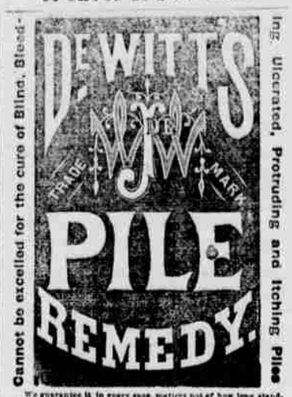

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